

SEMENOV, Ivan Semenovich; YERMOKHIN, Mikhail Matveyevich

[New military statutes] Novye voinskie ustavy. Moskva,
Voenn. izd-vo, 1961. 39 p. (MIRA 18:9)

YERMOKHIN, N., general-major artillerii; VEKSLER, I., p dpolkovnik; SHILOV,
N., Inzhener-podpolkovnik

Methodological skill plus programmed instruction. Tekh. i vooruzh.
no.4:36-40 Ap '64. (MIRA 17:9)

~~YERMOKHIN V.N.~~

USSR/Cultivated Plants - Potatoes, Vegetables, Melons.

II-5

Abs Jour : Ref Zhur - Biol., No 9, 1958, 39304

Author : Yermokhin, V.N.

Inst : -

Title : The Influence of Deep Soil Cultivation Without Over Turning the Soil Layer on the Yield of Vegetable-Melon Crops and of Potatoes under Conditions of Irrigated Farming.

Orig Pub : Sots, s.-kh. Uzbekistana, 1956, No 10, 61-64.

Abstract : Potatoes were planted early (Kubiny No 3 variety) in a soil which was plowed to a depth of 40-45 cm without turning over the soil layer. The plants developed well and the yield increased by 27% in comparison with the same crop grown on soil plowed to a depth of 25-27 cm. The experiment took place at the Uzbek vegetable-potato experiment station in 1955. The yield of water melons increased by 10%. The yield of melon crops went up by 5%.

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USSR/Cultivated Plants - Potatoes, Vegetables, Melons.

M-5

Also Jour : Ref Zhur - Biol., No 9, 1958, 39304

Potatoes planted in the summer in deeply plowed soil without turning over the layer produced a decrease in yield in comparison with a crop obtained on soil which had been turned over. In this experiment, irrigation had to be used even before the appearance of sprouts. This caused a sagging and tightening in the soil which had been plowed without over turning the layer. Therefore, the plant developed poorly. When the soil was plowed deeply without a moldboard, the contents of nitrates and of free phosphoric acid in the arable and sub-arable horizon down to a depth of 50 cm. increased considerably. -- S.A. HILITIN.

Card 2/2

YERMOKHIN, V.N.

M-3

USSR/Cultivated Plants - Potatoes. Vegetables. Melons.

Abs Jour : Ref Zhur - Biol., No 7, 1958, 29821

Author : Yermokhin, V.N.

Inst :
Title : The Rectangular Double-Row Method of Planting Melons on Irrigated Ground

Orig Pub : Sots. s. kh. Uzbekistana, 1957, NO 3, 49-53

Abstract : At the Uzbek Experimental Vegetable and Potato Station, trying out three different methods of planting in 1955 (namely, the square-pocket method with 140 x 140 cm. and 2 plants in each bunch, the rectangular at 140 x 70 cm. with a single plant in each group, planting on the scheme of 280 x 70 cm. in shallow coupled furrows, leaving one plant in a bunch) showed the latter method to yield the best results. The rectangular double-row method of planting in the furrows improved the irrigating set-up and facilitated a melon yield increase in comparison with the

Card 1/2

YERMOKHIN, V.N.

USSR/Cultivated Plants. Potatoes, Vegetables, Melons.

M

Abs Jour: Ref Zhur-Biol., No 17, 1958, 77682.

Author : Yermokhin, V.N.

Inst

Title : New Division into Districts of Varieties of Vegetables and Melon Crops.

Orig Pub: Sots. s.kh. Uzbekistana, 1957, No 8, 73-74.

Abstract: Description is given of new varieties of vegetable and melon crops put into the districts of the Uzbek SSR in 1957: salt cucumbers Kuylyukskiy 262, cabbage Tashkentskaya 10 for the middle and late periods of planting, and Samarkand white watermelon.

Card : 1/1

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Y z R m o K H H V V V

PHASE I BOOK EXHIBITION 809/2985

11(8) Baku. Azerbaydzanskiy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut nefte-
pererabatyvayushchey promyshlennosti imeni V. V. Kuybysheva.
Sbornik trudov, vyp. 2. (Collection of Works, No. 2) Baku,
Asnetzstat, 1958. 373 p. Errata slip inserted. 500
copies printed.

Additional Sponsoring Agency: Azerbaydzhan. Ministerstvo neftyanoy
promyshlennosti.

Ed. of Publishing House: T.B. Al'tman; Editorial Board: V.S. Aliyev,
Candidate of Chemical Sciences, V.S. Gulyuz, Doctor of Chemical
Sciences, A.M. Kuliyyev, Doctor of Chemical Sciences, M.A. Imshayev,
Chemical Sci. Technical Sciences, V.Ya. Masukyan, Candidate of
Chemical Sciences, M. I. Abdullayev, Candidate of Technical
Sciences, M. I. Abdullayev, Candidate of Chemical Sciences, M.A. Al'
tman, Candidate of Chemical Sciences, I.M. Gurbanov, Candidate
of Technical Sciences, M.M. Melikdzade, Candidate of Chemical
Sciences.

PURPOSE: This collection of articles is intended for chemical
engineers, technicians, and refiners concerned with advanced
methods of petroleum conversion.

COVERAGE: The collection presents an analysis of different
types of crudes extracted in Azerbaydzhan and of the products
recovered from these crudes through petroleum conversion
processes. The desulfuring, desalting and demulsifying of crudes
is described and the suitability of these crudes for the
cracking of diesel fuels is discussed. Results of catalytic
cracking of diesel fuels over fluidized bed synthetic catalyst
and the chemical composition of gasoline produced by two-
stage catalytic cracking as well as catalyzed, absorption and desulfur-
tion of catalysts as well as catalyzed, absorption and desulfur-
tion of catalysts are reviewed. Various laboratory and industrial
flow systems are reviewed. Various laboratory and industrial
the production of different types of oils and solvents and
are outlined. References accompany individual articles.

Masukyan, V. Ya., M. I. Abdullayev, K. I. Aliyev, M. A. Melikdzade,
and M. Arustamov. Preliminary Treatment of Baku Crude for
Refining 16

Aliyeva, S. M., V. V. Yevlakhina, A. O. Ismailov, A. V. Baidakov
(deceased), M. A. Abdullayev, M. M. Melikdzade, A. M. Gurbanov
(deceased), S. A. Gurbanov. Azerbaydzhan Crudes as a Raw Material
Source for Diesel Fuels 24

Masukyan, V. Ya., V. S. Gulyuz, and D. I. Zulfugarly. Effect of
Certain Conditions of Catalytic Cracking Performed Over a Fluorinated
Synthetic Silica Alumina Catalyst on the Formation of Aromatic
Hydrocarbons in Gasoline 44

CONT. 38

SOV/81-59-10-36392

Translation from: Referativnyy zhurnal. Khimiya, 1959, Nr 10, p 438 (USSR)

AUTHORS: Agayeva, S.M., Yermokhin, V.V., Ismaylov, A.G., Kudinov, A.V., Kupriyano-
nova, L.A., Nadirova, M.N., Terteryan, A.B., Terteryan, S.A.

TITLE: The Petroleum of Azerbaydzhan as Raw Material Source for the Production
of Diesel Fuels

PERIODICAL: Sb. tr. Azerb. n.-i. in-t neftepererabat. prom-sti, 1958, Nr 2, pp 34-43
(Azerbaydzhanian summary)

ABSTRACT: The results of an investigation are cited which had the aim of obtaining high-quality diesel fuel for high-speed diesel engines from Azerbaydzhan petroleum. Petroleum samples of 24 layers were subjected to laboratory fractionation followed by selecting the 10°C fractions within the temperature range of 130 - 400°C. The obtained fractions were then subjected to physical-chemical analysis for determination of indices characterizing the operational properties of the fuels: cetane number, fraction composition, viscosity, turbidity and pour points, etc. Based on the investigation the classification of the principal types of Baku petroleum has been carried out with regard to obtaining diesel fuels from them. The resources

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SOV/81-59-10-36392

The Petroleum of Azerbaydzhan as Raw Material Source for the Production of Diesel Fuels
and the qualities of these fuels have been determined and a State Standard GOST for
high-speed diesel fuels has also been developed.

V. Kel'tsev

Card 2/2

TRACHEV, Roman Yakovlevich; NAMESTNIKOV, A.F., spets.red.;
YEROKHINA, N.V., red.; KISINA, Ye.I., tekhn. red.

[Equipment for canning green peas] Oborudovanie dlia
konservirovaniia zelenogo goroshka. Moskva, Pishche-
proizdat, 1963. 118 p. (MIRA 16:7)
(Peas, Canned)

DIKIY, Boris Fedorovich; LOMAKIN, Vladimir F. Ippovich; DREVS,
G.V., dots., retsenzent; ZAYCHIK, TS.R., inzh.,
retsenzent; YEMORHINA, H.V., red.

[Automation of the processes in wine making] Avtomati-
zatsiia protsessov vinodeliia. Moskva, Pishchevaia pro-
myshlennost', 1964. 365 p. (MIRA 17:9)

VLASOV, Petr Fedorovich; KOMAROV, V.S., inzh., retsenzent;
YERMONKHINA, N.V., red.; KISINA, Ye.I., tekhn. red.

[Ventilation, air-conditioning and pneumatic conveying in tobacco factories] Ventilatsiia, konditsionirovanie vozdukha i pnevmaticheskii transport na tabachnykh fabrikakh. Moskva, Pishchepromisdat, 1963. 155 p. (MIRA 16:12)
(Pneumatic conveying) (Tobacco industry)

ANTOKOL'SKAYA, Mir'yam Yakovlevna; BRONSHEYN, Isaak Iosifovich;
MARTYNOV, Mikhail Ivanovich; SMIRNOV, Anatoliy Fedorovich;
SHKLOVSKAYA, Anna Yevgen'yevna; ZHURAVLEVA, Ye.I., retsenzent;
SOLOMONOV, P.I., retsenzent; YERMOKHINA, N.V., red.;

[Manual on raw materials, intermediate products and finished products in confectionery; manufacture; physicochemical characteristics] Spravochnik po syr'iu, polufabrikatam i gotovym izdeliham konditerskogo proizvodstva; fiziko-khimicheskie kharakteristiki. Moskva, Izd-vo "Pishchevaia promyshlennost'," 1964. 229 p. (MIRA 17:5)

SHTROMBERG, Ya.A.; KALINUSEKIN, M.P., prof., retsenzent; DZHALAGANIYA, K.I.,
inzh., retsenzent; YERMOKHINA, N.Y., red.
[Ventilation and the air conditioning in the tea
processing industry] Ventilatsiya i konditsionirovanie
vozdukh v chaeobrabatyvaiushchei promyshlennosti. Mo-
skva, Izd-vo "Pishchevaia promyshlennost'," 1964. 217 p.
(MIRA 17:6)

PERTSOVSKIY, Yevgeniy Solomonovich; SHUBIN, Anatoliy Stepanovich;
RACHINSKIY, V.V., prof., retsenzent; KARDASHEV, A.V.,
kand. tekhn.nauk, retsenzent; YERMOKHINA, N.V., red.

[Use of atomic energy in the food industry] Primenenie
atomnoi energii v pishchevoi promyshlennosti. Moskva,
Pishchevaia promyshlennost', 1964. 398 p.
(MIRA 18:3)

Yermokhina, T.M.

YEVSEINOVA, T.N.; YERMOKHINA, T.M.

Lipids of sewage waters. Vest. Mosk. un. Ser. biol., pochv., geol.,
geog. 12 no. 4: 63-73 '57. (MIRA 11:5)

1. Kafedra biokhimi rasteniy Moskovskogo gosudarstvennogo uni-
versiteta.

(Lipids) (Sewage—Analysis)

YEVREINOVA, T.N.; MASLOVA, S.V.; YERMOKHINA, T.M.; SIZOVA, T.P.

Effect of temperature on nucleic acids of *Aspergillus fumigatus*.
Mikrobiologiya 29 no. 4:516-522 JI-Ag '60. (MIRA 13:10)

1. Moskovskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet imeni M.V. Lomonosova.
(ASPERGILLUS) (NUCLEIC ACIDS)
(TEMPERATURE—PHYSIOLOGICAL EFFECT)

YERMOKHINA, T.M.; ZAYTSEVA, G.N.; BELOZERSKIY, A.N., akademik

Specificity of methionine activating enzymes and ribonucleic acids
accepting methionine in various species of microorganisms. Dokl.
AN SSSR 149 no.6:1438-1442 Ap '63. (MIRA 16:7)

1. ¹⁴Moskovskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet im. M.V.Lomonosova.
(Methionine) (Nucleic acids) (Enzymes)

YERMOKHINA, T.M.; ZAYTSEVA, G.N. ; ZERNOVA, L.I.; BELOZERSKIY, A.N.,
akademik

Some data on the "species" of sRNA and aminoacyl-sRNA-synthetases
in micro-organisms. Dokl. AN SSSR 159 no.5:1165-1168. D '64
(MIRA 18:1)

1. Moskovskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet im. M.V. Lomonosova.

YERMOKHINA, T.M.; STAMBOLOVA, M.A.; ZAYTSEVA, G.N.; KHALIZERSKIY, A.N.,
akademik

Species specificity of "soluble" RNA and aminoacyl-RNA-synthetases
in some plants. Dokl. AN SSSR 164 no.3:688-691. S '65.

(MIRA 18:9)

1. Moskovskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet.

ACC NR: AP6033277

SOURCE CODE: UR/0020/66/170/004/0974/0977

AUTHOR: Yermokhina, T. M.; Mekhanik, M. L.; Zaytseva, G. N.; Belozerskiy, A. N. (Academician)

ORG: Moscow State University im. M. V. Lomonosov (Moskovskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet)

TITLE: Investigation of phenylalanyl-RNA-synthetase and phenylalanine sRNA in yeasts and insects

SOURCE: AN SSSR, Doklady, v. 170, no. 4, 1966, 974-977

TOPIC TAGS: enzymology, RNA, RNA synthesis, ~~Enzymology~~, cell physiology, ~~and insect~~, biochemistry, *insect, enzyme, yeast*

ABSTRACT: The possible heterogeneity of phenylalanyl-RNA synthetases and their corresponding sRNA's was investigated using insect and microbial materials as sources of biochemicals. Cellular extracts of very high purity were obtained using standard methods. The enzymes from insect larvae and yeasts were separated into two components on a DEAE cellulose column and their physical properties and enzyme action determined using radioactive tracer methods. Two corresponding sRNA fractions were also separated, enzyme E₁ aminoacylates phenylalanine with RNA_{II} and enzyme E₂—RNA_I. In the protein fraction a third enzyme E₃

Card 1/2

UDC: 547.963.3

ACC NR: AP6033277

appeared, but two corresponding C^{14} -phenylalanyl RNA's were discovered, a case of one enzyme governing the formation of two slightly different sRNA's. E_1 was species specific being found only in extracts from flies. The existence of other sets of general heterogeneous and species specific enzymes are postulated for other organisms. Orig. art. has: 3 figures.

[W.A. 50]

SUB CODE: 06/ SUBM DATE: 29Jun66/ ORIG REF: 004/ OTH REF: 015

Card 2/2

ACC NR: AP6033277

SOURCE CODE: UR/0020/66/170/004/0974/0977

AUTHOR: Yermokhina, T. M.; Mekhanik, M. L.; Zaytseva, G. N.; Belozerskiy, A. N. (Academician)

ORG: Moscow State University in. M. V. Lomonosov (Moskovskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet)

TITLE: Investigation of phenylalanyl-RNA-synthetase and phenylalanine sRNA in yeasts and insects

SOURCE: AN BSSR. Doklady, v. 170, no. 4, 1966, 974-977

TOPIC TAGS: enzymology, RNA, RNA synthesis, ~~enzyme~~, cell physiology, ~~metabolism~~, biochemistry, *insect, enzyme, yeast*

ABSTRACT: The possible heterogeneity of phenylalanyl-RNA synthetases and their corresponding sRNA's was investigated using insect and microbial materials as sources of biochemicals. Cellular extracts of very high purity were obtained using standard methods. The enzymes from insect larvae and yeasts were separated into two components on a DEAE cellulose column and their physical properties and enzyme action determined using radioactive tracer methods. Two corresponding sRNA fractions were also separated, enzyme E₁ aminoacylates phenylalanine with RNA_{I1} and enzyme E₂—RNA_I. In the protein fraction a third enzyme E₃

Card 1/2

UDC: 547.963.1

ACC NR: AP6033277

appeared, but two corresponding C¹⁴-phenylalanyl RNA's were discovered, a case of one enzyme governing the formation of two slightly different sRNA's. E_I was species specific being found only in extracts from flies. The existence of other sets of general heterogeneous and species specific enzymes are postulated for other organisms. Orig. art. has:
3 figures. [W.A. 50]

SUB CODE: 06/ SUBM DATE: 29Jun66/ ORIG REF: 004/ OTH REF: 015

Card 2/2

TOROPOV, A.P.; YERMOKHINA, V.A.

Viscosity of systems with ethyl stearate. Uzb.khim.zhur
no.3:36-40 '61. (MIRA 14:11)

1. Tashkentskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet imeni Lenina.
(Stearic acid)
(Systems(Chemistry))

CHUCHULIN, P.P.; YERMOLAYEV, A., ofitser-topograf zapasa (g.Ul'yanovsk);
PETRENKO, V.V. (g.Odessa)

Problems requiring discussion. Geog.v shkole 22 no.3:76-80
My-Je '59. (MIRA 12:11)

1. Kabardino-Balkarskaya ASSR (for Chuchulin).
(Geography--Study and teaching)

YERMOLAYEV, A.

USSR / Farm Animals. Cattle.

Q

Abs Jour : Ref Zhur - Biologiya, No 2, 1959, No. 7351

Author : Yermolayev, A.

Inst : Not given

Title : The Milk's Fat Content in the Bestuzhevskiy
Breed Cattle in Bashkiria

Orig Pub : Molochn. i myasn. zhivotnovodstvo, 1958, No
3, 45-48

Abstract : No abstract given

Card 1/1

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YERMOLAYEV, A.

YEGOROV, L.; YERMOLAYEV, A.; MIKHAYLUTA, D.

The ZIL-164 motortruck. Avt. trupp. 35. no. 3:26-29 Nr '57.
(MIRA 10:5)

1. Moskovskiy avtomobil'nyy saved in. I.A. Likhachev.
(Motortrucks)

LOSHCHAGINA, Ye.; YERMOLAYEV, A.

Contribution of innovator N.F.IAanchevskii. Mashinostroitel'
no.8:3 Ag '62. (MIRA 15:8)
(Milling machines--Technological innovations)

YERMOLAYEV, A.; LOSHCHAGINA, Ye.

G.M. Komarov's helical cutter. Mashinostroitel' no.2:24 F '63.

(MIRA 16:3)

(Metal-cutting tools)

PHASE I BOOK EXPLOITATION 719

Yermolayev, Aleksandr Aleksandrovich

Teoreticheskiye osnovy teplotekhniki (Theoretical Principles of Heat Engineering) Moscow, Gosenergoizdat, 1957. 349 p. 10,000 copies printed.

Ed.: Kuz'min, S. I.; Tech. Ed.: Zabrodina, A. A.

PURPOSE: The book is intended as a textbook for schools in power engineering and for technical workers in heat engineering.

COVERAGE: The ~~author~~, a lecturer in heat engineering at the Leningrad Engineering Tekhnicum, presents the principles of heat engineering including thermodynamics and the theory of heat transfer. Part I cites the main laws of thermodynamics theory and shows their application in analyzing cycles of thermal power stations operating on both gas and steam. He dwells on the escape and throttling of gas and vapor, and on moist air properties.

Card 1/11

Theoretical Principles of Heat Engineering

719

Part II of the book deals with the physical principles of heat exchange and the methods of analyzing the operation and design of thermal installations. The author clarifies the subject by citing examples to illustrate the solution of technical problems. The book contains 8 appendices which consist of tables of technical data on power plants. Personalities mentioned include Professor M. D. Vaysman, who reviewed the manuscript, and Professor S. I. Kuz'min, the scientific editor. There are 22 Soviet references.

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PART II, HEAT TRANSMISSION THEORY

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AVAILABLE: Library of Congress
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IS/eag
11-25-58

YERMOLAYEV, A.A., dotsent, kand.tekhn.nauk

Efficiency of steam and gas-turbine engines. Sbor. LIZHT no. 168:
258-262 '60. (MIRA 13:10)

(Steam engines--Efficiencies)
(Gas turbines)

KHAZEN, Moisey Mikhaylovich; IVANOV, Igor' Ivanovich; ARONOVICH,
Simon Savvich; YERMOLAYEV, A.A., kand. tekhn. nauk, dots.
retsensent; KAZEMIK, V.A., inzh., rad.

[Heat and power systems] Teplosilovoe khoziaistvo. Moskva,
Transport, 1964. 329 p. (MIRA 17:8)

1. Leningradskiy institut inzhenerov zheleznodorozhnogo trans-
porta (for Yermolayev).

SHIPITSYN, S.A.; KIRYUSHKIN, V.V.; YERMOLAYEV, A.A.

Gas burner for flame photometry of powder specimens. Zav. lab. 31
no.2:253 '65. (MIRA 18:7)

1. Irkutskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet.

YERMOLAYEV, A.A., inshener; RYZHKOV, F.M., inshener; SIDOROV, P.S., inshener.

Experience in ventilating mines after large-scale explosions.
Besop.truda v prom. 1 no.5:10-12 '57. (MIRA 10:7)

- 1. Unipromed' (for Yermolayev and Ryzhkov). 2. Degtyarskiy rudnik (for Sidorov).**
(Mine ventilation) (Mine explosions)

YERMO LA YEV, P. A.
BAKIROV, U. Kh., gornyy inzhener; KRUTOVSKIKH M. D., gornyy inzhener; YERMOLAYEV,
A. A., gornyy inzhener.

Counterrater fans. Cor. shur. no. 5170-71 W- '57.

(MIRA 10:6)

1. Unipromed'.
(Great Britain--Mine ventilation)
(Fans, Electric)

RYZHKOV, F.N., inzh.; YERMOLAYEV, A.A., inzh. [deceased]

Results of the introduction of suction-type ventilation. Bezop.truda
v prom. 6 no.8:22-23 Ag '62. (MIRA 16:4)

1. Ural'skiy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy i proyektnyy institut mednoy
promyshlennosti.

(Mine ventilation)

YEMOLAYEV, A. A., LOSHCHAGINA, Ye. I.

Fitting and repair shop foreman G. N. Nikitin, Mashinostroitel'
no. 12:5 D '62. (MIRA 16:1)

(Leningrad—Machinery industry)

SLONIM, I. Ya.; URMAN, Ya.G.; YERMOLAYEV, A.D.

Nuclear magnetic resonance in trioxane. Zhur. strukt. Khim. 6
no. 4:531-539 JI-Ag '65 (MTRK 19:1)

1. Nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut plastmass. Submitted October
28, 1964.

KOCHERGIN, P.G. (Kursk); YERMOLAYEV, A.D., (Ul'yanovsk); PASTERISOVICH,
E.L. (Leningrad); MOZZHELIN, A.I.; LAVROV, V.A.; ZIMINA, A.

Discussion of new geography programs. Geog.v shkole 23 no.1:
63-74 Ja-F '60. (MIRA 13:5)

1. 176-ya shkola rabochey molodeshi Mskvy (for Mozzhelin).
2. 7-ya shkola rabochey molodeshi Kalinina (for Lavrov).
(Geography--Study and teaching)

AKUTIN, M.S.; TIKHOMIROVA, N.S.; YERMOLAYEV, A.D.

Preparation of polyformaldehyde by means of radiation polymerization
of trioxane. Plast.massy no.12:12-13 '63. (MIRA 17:2)

URMAN, Ya.G.; SLONIM, I. Ya.; YERMOLAYEV, A.D.

Nuclear magnetic resonance in the system: polymer in monomer
matrix. Vysokom. soed. 6 no.11:2107-2108 N '64 (MIRA 18:2)

SLONIM, I.Ya.; URMAN, Ya.G.; YERMOLAYEV, A.D.; AKUTIN, M.S.

Nuclear magnetic resonance in oriented polymers. Part 3: Polyoxymethylene obtained by radiation polymerization. Zhur. strukt. khim. 6 no.2:192-197
M-Ap '65. (MIRA 18:7)

1. Nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut plastmass.

L 23332-66 EWT(m)/EPF(n)-2/ENP(j)/T/EWA(h)/EWA(1) EG/RM

ACC NR: AP6006979

SOURCE CODE: UR/0190/66/008/002/0251/0255

AUTHORS: Urman, Ya. G.; Slonim, I. Ya.; Yermolayev, A. D.ORG: Scientific Research Institute of Plastics (Nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut plasticheskikh mass)

TITLE: Investigation of the radiation polymerization of trioxane in solid phase (4th report in the series "Nuclear magnetic resonance in oriented polymers")

SOURCE: Vysokomolekulyarnyye soyedineniya, v. 8, no. 2, 1966, 251-255

TOPIC TAGS: radiation polymerization, nuclear magnetic resonance, trioxane

ABSTRACT: Oriented radiation-induced polymerization of trioxane in solid phase has been investigated by NMR. This is an expansion of the work published earlier by Ya. G. Urman, I. Ya. Slonim, and A. D. Yermolayev (Vysokomolek. soyed., 6, 2107, 1964). The method for preparing monocrystalline trioxane and for its polymerization was described previously by I. Ya. Slonim, Ya. G. Urman, and A. D. Yermolayev (Zh. struct. khimii, 6, 531, 1965). NMR spectra were taken with a spectrometer of the Central Laboratory of Automation (Tsentral'naya laboratoriya avtomatiki) at the frequency of 20 megahertz at 40°C. Changes in the NMR spectra observed during the solid polymerization process are shown in Fig. 1. It was observed that: 1) during post-polymerization of the irradiated sample at 55°C, the shape and second moment of NMR line change sharply. The position of the sample in the field also has a significant

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UDC: 66.095.26+678.55

L 23332-66

ACC NR: AP6006979

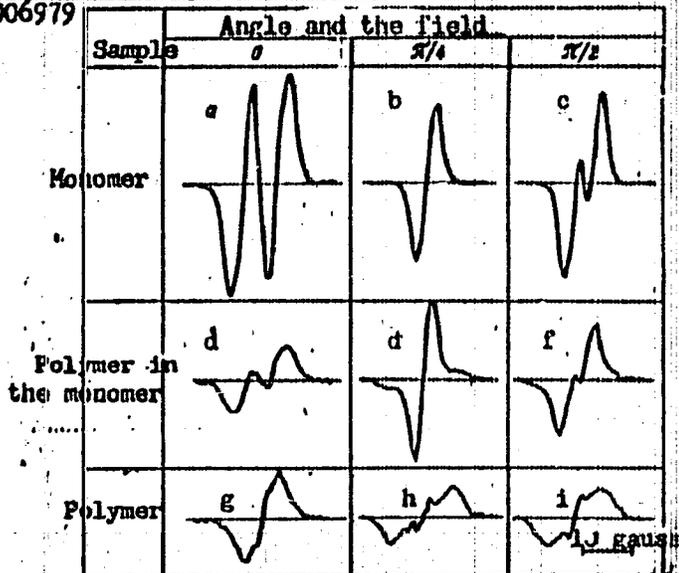


Fig. 1. Shape of NMR lines at 40C for three positions of the sample in the magnetic field: a, b, c - trioxane monocrystal; d, e, f - trioxane after irradiation and heating at 55C for 80 min; g, h, i - polyoxymethylene, washed of the residual monomer.

effect on the character of NMR: 2) agglomeration of low-molecular products occurs during polymerization, which is responsible for the appearance of a narrow component in NMR. Orig. art. has: 5 figures.

SUB CODE: 07/

SUBM DATE: 27Feb65/

ORIG REF: 010/

OTH REF: 001/

Card 2/2 ULR

GREBENYUK, V.A.; PUSTOVALOV, A.I.; YEROFEYEV, I.Ye.; KARABACH,
T.L.; TURGAMBAYEV, B.M.; BOSYAKOV, P.Ye.; YERMOLAYEV,
A.G.; FOMENKO, V.D.; YEGORCHIKIN, A.A.; GROMOV, D.I.;
ZHUYKO, Yu.P.; PANOV, S.A.;

[Twenty-second Congress of the Communist Party of the
Soviet Union Mine] Rudnik imeni XXII s"ezda KPSS. Moskva,
Nedra, 1964. 87 p. (MIRA 17:10)

1. Russia (1917- R.S.F.S.R.) Vostochno-Kazakhstanskiy
ekonomicheskii rayon. Zyr'yanovskiy svintsovyy kombinat.

RYBERT, V.F., gornyy inzh.; PUSTOVALOV, A.I., gornyy inzh.; PONOMAREV, L.F.,
gornyy inzh.; YEROFEYEV, I.Ye., gornyy inzh.; YERMOLAYEV, A.G., gor-
nyy inzh.

Making use of industrial potentialities in a mine of communist
labor. Gor.zhur. no.1:6-9 Ja '64. (MIRA 17:3)

1. Rudnik imeni XXII s"yezda Kommunisticheskoy partii Sovetskogo
Soyuza Zyryanovskogo kombinata.

YERMOLOYEV, A. I.

V 13971* Aluminum Alloys in Automotive Construction. Alu-
minievye splavy v avtomobilostroi. (Russian.) L. A. Egorenko and
A. I. Ermolov, Avtomobilnaya i traktoraya promyshlennost',
1955, no. 7, July, p. 25-27.
MC Composition and properties of Al alloys used in different sec-
tions of automotive industry. Photographs, diagrams. 7 ref.

[Handwritten signature]

Yegorov, L.A., Yermolayev, A.I.
YEGOROV, L.A., kandidat tekhnicheskikh nauk; YERMOLAYEV, A.I.

Testing and improving constant velocity universal joints for
automobiles. Avt. i trakt. prom. no.2:17-23 P '57. (MLRA 10:3)

1. Moskovskiy avtozavod imeni Likhacheva.
(Automobiles--Transmission devices)

BUKHARIN, N.A., doktor tekhn. nauk; YERMOLAYEV, A.I.;
SNYTIM, M.Ye., kand. tekhn. nauk

Evaluation of operational reliability and durability of
parts and units of a motor vehicle. Avt. prom. 29 no.8:
25-27 Ag '63. (MIRA 16:11)

1. Leningradskiy inzhenerno-stroitel'nyy institut i
Moskovskiy avtozavod imeni Likhacheva.

YERMOLAYEV, A.K., Doc Agr Sci -- (diss) "Increasing the
milk fat of ^{Bestushev} ~~besturhevskiy~~ cows in kolkhozes and sovkhoses
of Bashkiriya." Kiev, 1958, 31 pp (Min of Agr UKSSR.
Ukrainian Acad of Agr) 150 copies (KL, 42-58, 116)

- 49 -

YERMOLAYEV, A. K., Doc. Agr Sci, "INCREASING THE ^{milk capacity} ~~FAT CONTENT~~
OF COWS OF THE BESTUSCHEFF BREED UNDER CONDITIONS OF THE KOL-
KHOZES AND SOVKHOZES OF BASHKIRIYA." KIEV, 1960. (MIN OF AGR
UKSSR, UKRANIAN ACAD OF AGR SCI). (KL, 3-61, 223).

YERIMOLAYEV, A. Kh.

ERMOLAEV, A. Kh.

Balans zheleznoi dorogi i ego znachenie. [The railway balance sheet and its significance]
Moskva, Gos. transp. shel-dor. izd-vo, 1950. 73 p forms. (EKONOMICHESKAIA biblioteka
zheleznodorozhnika).

DLC: HE2236.E7

SO; Soviet Transportation and Communications. A Bibliography, Library of Congress
Reference Department, Washington, 1952, Unclassified.

YERMOLYEV, A. Kh.

Inspection of documents in railroad transport Izd. 2., ispr. 1 dop. Moskva, Gos.
transp. zhel-dor. izd-vo, 1950. 202 p. (50-55183)

24(5)

SOV/54-58-4-6/18

AUTHOR:

Yermolayev, A. M.

TITLE:

Expansion of the Wave Functions of Many-electron Systems in Fok Series (Razlozheniye volnovykh funktsiy mnogoelektronnykh sistem v ryady Foka)

PERIODICAL:

Vestnik Leningradskogo universiteta. Seriya fiziki i khimii, 1958, Nr 4, pp 48-64 (USSR)

ABSTRACT:

In 1954, Fok found the form of the expansion of the wave function of the 1S state of a helium atom and helium-like ions. This expansion is a series of whole powers of r and $\ln r$. It was the purpose of this paper to generalize the results obtained by Fok (Ref 1) on the basis of the expansion of the wave functions of many-electron atoms. It is shown that according to the theory of harmonic functions on a hypersphere in the $3N$ -dimensional configuration space of the system of N electrons in the nuclear field a wide class of wave functions in the surroundings of $r = 0$ may be expanded in a double series (7,7). These series are called Fok series. Their coefficients are finite, continuous and simple functions of the spherical angles in each point of the hypersphere. If the logarithm power attains high values al-

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SOV/54-58-4-6/18

Expansion of the Wave Functions of Many-electron Systems in Fok Series

ready in the expansion, this series expansion is a generalization of the well-known expansion ad infinitum of a regular, singular point for the solution of a usual differential equation. The theory under discussion is very complicated for practical use. The expansion may be assumed to be convergent for all finite r . Further it is determined in a uniform way if the asymptotic expression of the wave function for $r \rightarrow \infty$ is given; the theory is especially useful for processes in the immediate neighborhood of the nucleus, i.e. the interaction between the electron shell and the nucleus. In conclusion, the author expresses his gratitude to Academician V. A. Fok for valuable advice and to Yu. N. Demkov for assistance and participation in this work. There are 11 references, 3 of which are Soviet.

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24(5)

AUTHORS:

Demkov, Yu. N., Yermolayev, A. M.

SOV/56-36-3-36/71

TITLE:

Fok Expansion for Wave Functions of Systems of Charged Particles (Razlozheniye Foka dlya volnovykh funktsiy sistemy zaryazhennykh ~~chastits~~)

PERIODICAL:

Zhurnal eksperimental'noy i teoreticheskoy fiziki, 1959, Vol 36, Nr 3, pp 896-899 (USSR)

ABSTRACT:

Already in 1954 V. A. Fok found out (Ref 1) that the wave function of the 1S -state of helium and helium-like ions can be expanded in a double series with r -th and in r -th degree

($r = \sqrt{r_1^2 + r_2^2}$, r_1 and r_2 - distance of the 1. and 2. electron respectively from the nucleus). Fok also developed a method for the successive determination of development coefficients which turn out to be homogeneous functions of zero-th order of the Cartesian coordinates of the electrons. The authors of the present paper show that such an expansion (which is named after Fok) is of general character and may be applied to any system consisting of an arbitrary number of charged particles. The present paper is intended to generalize the method for such

Card 1/3

Fok Expansion for Wave Functions of Systems
of Charged Particles

SCY/56-36-3-30/71

systems and for states of any symmetry. The authors proceed from the Schrödinger (Shrodinger) equation of a steady-state wave function in Cartesian coordinates; they then pass on to spherical coordinates in the configuration space and give the solution of this equation in form of a series

$\psi = \sum_n \sum_p a_{np} r^n (\ln r)^p$. For the a_{np} a system of equations is then given, which is investigated in the following. For $n = 1, 2, 3 \dots$ and $p < n$ the wave function must be set up as:

$$\psi = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \sum_{p=0}^n a_{np} r^n (\ln r)^p \quad \text{and for } n = 0, 1, 2 \dots k-1 \text{ as}$$

$$\psi = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \sum_{p=0}^{\lfloor n/2 \rfloor} a_{n+k,p} r^{n+k} (\ln r)^p .$$

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Fok Expansion for Wave Functions of S_p Ions
of Charged Particles

307/56-46-3-3 /71

As regards a more detailed investigation of the solution of
the system of equations given for the a_{np} and also for other
problems, reference is made to an article by A. A. Iermol'yev
in "Vestnik Leningradskogo universiteta". The author finally
thank V. A. Fok for his valuable advice. There are
4 references, 2 of which are Soviet.

ASSOCIATION: Leningradskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet
(Leningrad State University)

DATE: September 22, 1956

Card 3/3

YERMOLAYEV, A.M.

Calculation of nonrelativistic S-states of two-electron atoms
and ions. Vest. LGU 16 no.16:19-33 '61. (MIRA 14:8)
(Atoms) (Ions)

39870

S/051/62/015/002/009/014
E032/E314

24.3300

AUTHORS: Yermolayev, A.M., Minkov, I.M. and Vlasov, A.G.
 TITLE: A method of calculation of the optical properties of a multilayer coating with a given reflecting power
 PERIODICAL: Optika i spektroskopiya, v. 13, no. 2, 1962, 259 - 265
 TEXT: The authors consider the design of an n-layer coating with a given reflecting power R_N , where

$$R_N = R_N(x_0, x_1, \dots, x_N, x_{N+1}, \theta, \lambda) \quad (1)$$

x_j are the optical parameters of the media,
 θ is the angle of incidence, and
 λ the wavelength.

It is required to determine the number of layers N and the magnitude of the parameters x_j for which the reflecting power

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E032/E314

A method of

$R_N(\lambda)$ in the given wavelength interval and for a given angle of incidence should be described by a given function

$$R_N(x_1, x_2, \dots, x_N, \lambda) = F_0(\lambda) \quad (2)$$

The calculation starts with an assumed approximately known function $F_0(\lambda)$, which is denoted by R_m and contains the arbitrary parameters x_j . The next approximation is obtained by considering the quantities Φ_m , $m = m_0, m_0 + 1, \dots$, which are given by:

$$\Phi_m(\underline{x}) = \int_{\lambda_1}^{\lambda_2} \rho(\lambda) |R_m(\underline{x}, \lambda) - F_0(\lambda)|^k d\lambda, \quad k > 0 \quad (3)$$

In this formula $\rho(\lambda) > 0$ is a weighting function,

Card 2/3 \underline{x} is a vector whose cartesian coordinates are

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EO32/E314

A method of

the numerical values of the independent parameters x_j of all the m-layer.

With $k = 2$ the function Φ_m represents the r.m.s. departure of $R_m(\underline{X}, \lambda)$ from the given function $F_0(\lambda)$. To each value of \underline{X} there corresponds a certain filter and as R_m approaches F_0 , $\Phi_m(\underline{X}) \rightarrow 0$. The parameters of the multilayer filter are determined by varying the components of \underline{X} until minimum $\Phi_m(\underline{X})$ is reached..

A complete numerical scheme suitable for use with an electronic computer is given and some typical examples are quoted. It is assumed that dispersion and absorption are absent but it is said that this limitation could easily be removed. There are 6 figures and 2 tables.

SUBMITTED: June 8, 1961

Card 3/3

YERMOLAYEV, A.M.; SOCHILIN, G.B.

Ground state π -electron atoms and ions. Dokl. AN SSSR
155 no. 5:1050-1053 Ap '64. (MIRA 17:5)

1. Leningradskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet im. A.A.Zhdanova
i Leningradskoye otdeleniye Matematicheskogo instituta im. V.I.
Steklova AN SSSR. Predstavleno akademikom V.A.Fokom.

ACCESSION NR: AT4041509

8/2910/63/003/01-/0167/0174

AUTHOR: Yermolayev, A. M. , Sochilin, G. B.

TITLE: An exact variational method for computation of the S-states in atoms with two electrons

SOURCE: AN LIUSSR. Litovakiy fizicheskiy sbornik, v. 3, no. 1-2, 1963, 167-174

TOPIC TAGS: S state, variational computation method, electron configuration, two electron atom, wave function, Hylleraas equation, variational wave function, helium

ABSTRACT: The variational method is based on Fock's investigation of the Hylleraas equation (Izv. AN SSSR, 18, 161, 1954), a nonrelativistic wave equation for a two-electron atom with infinitely heavy nucleus whose charge is Z . The variational wave function Ψ is chosen to be an analytic expression containing variable parameters. This function is chosen so that it represents the behavior of the exact wave function at the potential energy singularities and approaches the same asymptote at infinity. The coefficients of the exponential terms in the wave function expression are then decomposed into Fock's series. Each term of this series is a solution of a certain system of coupled equations on a four-dimensional sphere. The highest term can be determined exactly but the terms of lower order must be obtained from an approximate solution. The resulting variational wave

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ACCESSION NR: AT4041509

function contains arbitrary coefficients of a linear combination of 4-dimensional spherical functions of order $n = 1, 2, \dots, N + 1$ and accounts for those terms of the Fock's series which describe the behavior of the exact wave function in the vicinity of potential energy singularity. By introduction of auxiliary arbitrary coefficients, the total number of coefficients to be determined is decreased without changing the characteristics of the wave function. The standard Ritz procedure is used to obtain the final solution. An example in which the S state of the helium atom is computed is given. The variational wave function has 30 coefficients and gives a value of energy which could be obtained from a 40-parameter Kinoshita function (T. Kinoshita: Phys. Rev. 105, 1490, 1957 and 115, 366, 1959). The method, as presented in the paper, applies only to two-electron systems in S-states but can be generalized for multi-electron systems. Orig. art. has: 19 equations and 1 table.

ASSOCIATION: Leningradskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet im. Zhdanova (Leningrad State University); Leningradskoye otdeleniye Matematicheskogo instituta im. Steklova (Leningrad Branch of the Steklov Mathematical Institute)

SUBMITTED: 00

ENCL: 00

SUB CODE: NP

NO REF SOV: 003

OTHER: 003

Card

2/3

ACCESSION NR: AP4034536

B/0020/64/155/005/1050/1053

AUTHOR: Yermolayev, A. M.; Sochilin, G. B.

TITLE: Ground State of Two-electron Atoms and Ions

SOURCE: AN SSSR. Doklady*, v. 155, no. 5, 1964, 1050-1053

TOPIC TAGS: ground atomic state, two electron atom, two electron ion, S state, wave function, numerical computation, quantum mechanics

ABSTRACT: V. A. Fock (Izv. AN SSSR, ser. fiz. 18, 161 (1954)) has given a rigorous method for analysis of the S-state in the vicinity of the singular points. The present authors apply his method for numerical computation of the ground state of H, He, Li⁺, Be²⁺, Be³⁺, O⁷⁺ and Ne⁹⁺. The expansions used converge rapidly (they have about 30 parameters). The numerical computations were made with the BECM-2 computer of the computer Center of the Leningrad Division of the Mathematical Institute AN SSSR. "The authors are grateful to acad. V. A. Fock for discussions and comments, and to Yu. N. Demkov for discussions." Orig. art. has: no figures, 4 equations, 2 tables.

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ACCESSION NR: AP4034536

ASSOCIATION: Leningraiskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet im. A. A. Zhdanova
(Leningrad State University); Leningradskoye otdeleniye Matematicheskogo instituta
im V. A. Steklova Akademii Nauk SSSR (Leningrad Division of the Mathematical
Institute Academy of Sciences, SSSR)

SUBMITTED: 27Nov63

DATE ACQ: 13May64

ENCL: 00

SUB CODE: NP

NO REF SOV: 003

OTHER: 007

Card 2/2

L 23148-66 EMT(1)/T IJP(c) GG/AT SOURCE CODE: UR/0181/65/008/002/0560/0563

ACC NR: AP6005845

AUTHOR: Yermolayev, A. M.

ORG: Kharkov State University im. A. M. Gorky (Khar'kovskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet)

TITLE: Density of electron states in semiconductors with a Wurtzite lattice

SOURCE: Fizika tverdogo tela, v. 8, no. 2, 1966, 560-563

TOPIC TAGS: semiconductor theory, crystal lattice, crystal surface, crystal symmetry, electron structure, electron transition

ABSTRACT: Previous studies have shown that isoenergetic surfaces of electrons close to energy minima are ellipsoids with a symmetry which reflects the lattice symmetry. It has also been found that toroidal isoenergetic surfaces are preceded by an entire layer of surfaces with a complex topology located between ellipsoids and toroids in semiconductors with a Wurtzite lattice. The author studies the density of electron states and the classical effective mass of carriers in a magnetic field in a lattice of the Wurtzite type for transition from ellipsoidal to toroidal isoenergetic surfaces. Curves are given showing the behavior of the density of

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L 23148-66

ACC NR: AP6006846

states during transition from ellipsoidal isoenergetic surfaces to corrugated toroids, and the effective mass of carriers in a magnetic field as a function of energy. In conclusion I am sincerely grateful to M. I. Kaganov who proposed and directed this work. Orig. art. has: 2 figures, 5 formulas.

SUB CODE: 20/

SUBM DATE: 12Jul65/

ORIG REF: 007/

OTH REF: 001

Card 2/2 *ULB*

YERMOLAYEV, A.N.; SHCHERBATENKO, V.V.; RASPUT'KO, E.N.

[Effect of dynamic loads on bread quality] Vliyanie dinamicheskikh nagruzok na kachestvo chleba. Moskva, Tsentral'noe nauchno-tekhn. informatsii pishchevoi promyshl., 1964. 45 p. (MIRA 18:5)

YERMOLOV, A.P.

~~Operation of experimental frame-block bridges.~~ Transp.stroi. 6
no.2:32 F '56. (MLRA 9:6)

1.Mostovoy master 18-y distantsii puti Privolzhskoy doregi.
(Bridges, Concrete)

YERMOLAYEV, A.P.

"The Influence of the Preparations of the Blood from Pregnant Mares on Fertility of Cows."

SO: Veterinariya, Vol.27; No.3; 1950; p.43; uncl

YEREMAYEV, A.P., kandidat veterinarnykh nauk.

Measure for controlling brucellosis on collective farms. Veterina-
riia 33 no.6:18-20 Je '56. (MLBA 9:8)

1. Omskiy veterinarnyy institut.
(Brucellosis--Prevention)

YERMOLAYEV, A.P.

YERMOLAYEV, A.P., kandidat veterinarnykh nauk.

Corn silage increases the productivity of cows. Nauka i pered.
op. v sel'khoz. 7 no.8:13-14 '57. (DCRA 10:9)

1. Omskiy veterinarnyy institut.
(Corn (Maize)) (Cows--Feeding and feeding stuffs)

USSR/Farm Animals - Cattle.

Q-3

Abs Jour : Ref Zhur - Biol., No 7, 1958, 30976

Author : Yermolayev A.

Inst : -

Title : What Age is Most Suitable for the First Mating of Heifers?
(V kakom vozraste naiboleye tselesoobrazno provodit' pervuyu sluchku telok).

Orig Pub : Molochn. i myasnoye zhitovnovodstvo, 1957, No 3, 42-43.

Abstract : According to the author's data, the mating of heifers at an early age (before 18 months of age is attained) has a negative effect upon the fat content in the milk of the primiparae. The best period of mating for the Bestuzhev breed is considered the age between 18 and 23 months.

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YERMOLAYEV, A.

USSR/Farm Animals - Cattle.

Q-3

Abs Jour : Ref Zhur - Bioli; No 7, 1958, 30960

Author : ~~Yermolayev A.~~

Inst :

Title : The Influence of Sires on the Fatty Milkiness of the Progeny.
(Ottsovskoye vliyaniye na zhirnoblodnost' potomstva).

Orig Pub : Molochn. i myasnoye zhitovnovodstvo, 1957, No 9, 46-50

Abstract : On the basis of the data obtained from the herd of the Bestuzhev breed of the sovkhos "Urahak" of the Bashkir Spirtotrest, an analysis was effected in regard to the influence of the sires upon the increase of the fatty milkiness of the progeny. The number of daughters had by different sires ranged from 13 to 28; one bull had 54 daughters. The evaluation of sires by progeny was effected by comparing the female offspring. The data regarding production were collected for over 20 years.

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L 04060-67

BT(R)/BT(D)/BT(N) / BT(L)/BT(T) / BT(U) / BT(V) / BT(W) / BT(X) / BT(Y) / BT(Z)

ACC NR: AP6027433

SOURCE CODE: UR/0125/66/000/007/0060/0062

AUTHOR: Yermolayev, A. P. (Moscow); Zlatkis, I. V. (Moscow); Pipko, A. I. (Moscow); Pliskovskiy, V. Ya. (Moscow); Puzyriyskiy, Yu. S. (Moscow); Tsybul'skiy, I. Ya. (Moscow)

ORG: none

TITLE: Following mechanism for arc welding in an inert gas

SOURCE: Avtomaticheskaya svarka, no. 7, 1966, 60-62

TOPIC TAGS: arc welding, inert gas welding, feed mechanism

ABSTRACT: The article describes the construction details of a new type following mechanism said to assure stability of the geometric dimensions of the welding seam in welding in inert gases with high ionization potentials (for example, helium). (See Fig. 1)

45
B

Card 1/3

UDC: 621.791.856.03

L 04060-67

ACC NR: AP6027433

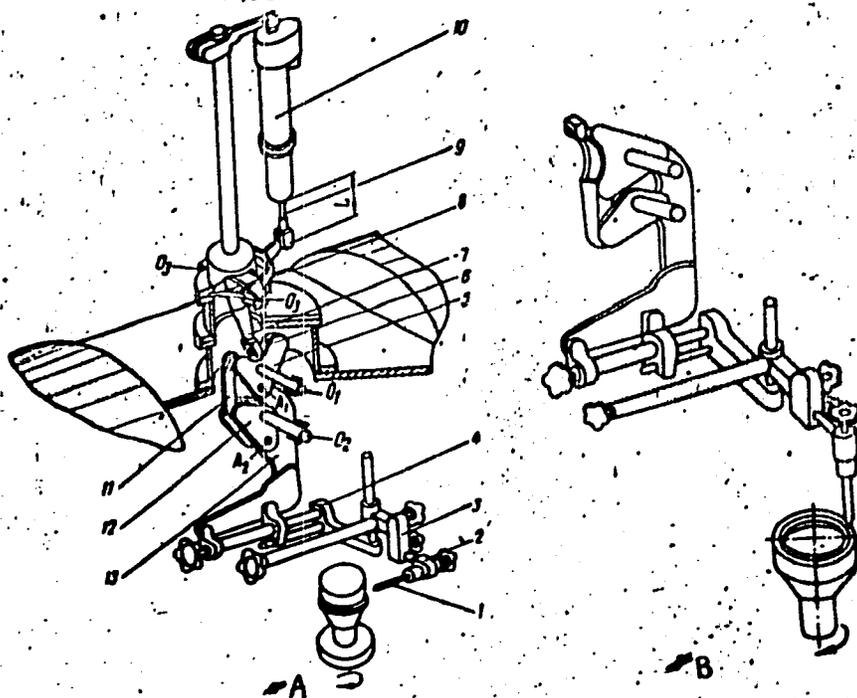


Figure 1.
Construction of
following mechanism

a--in position for
welding seams on a
cylindrical surface;
b--the same for an
end surface.

Card 2/3

L 04060-67

ACC NR: AP6027433

Electrode 1 is fastened to support 13 by means of clamps 2, 3, and 4. Clamp 2 makes it possible to rotate the electrode in a vertical plane and to change its position from the horizontal (Fig. 1, a) to the vertical (Fig. 1, b). Clamps 3 and 4 make it possible to regulate, respectively, the vertical and horizontal positions of the electrode. The support is connected by a swivel joint with levers 12 and 5, which are connected between themselves by link 11. Lever 5, with the aid of link 6 and lever 7, is connected in a swivelling fashion with shaft 9, which can execute forward and backward displacements, activated by a Type MP-100M of SL-161 electric motor, 10, with a built-in reducer. Experimental tests of the mechanism in argon arc welding have shown reliable maintenance of an interelectrode gap of 1 mm, with an accuracy of $\pm 10\%$, in a range of welding currents from 15 to 150 amps. The article also gives a detailed diagram of the electric control circuit. Orig. art. has: 2 figures.

SUB CODE: 13/ SUBM DATE: 02Mar66/ ORIG REF: 004

kh

Card 3/3

VERHOFFEN, J.

AUTHORS: Boldyrev, V.V., Yemolayev, A.S.

76-11-27/35

TITLE: The Catalytic Effect of Solid Products in the Reduction of Nickel and Copper Oxides by Hydrogen (O kataliticheskom vliyani tverdykh produktov pri vosstanovlenii okislov nikelya i medi vodorodom)

PERIODICAL: Zhurnal Fizicheskoy Khimii, 1957, Vol. 31, Nr 11, pp. 2562-2570 (USSR)

ABSTRACT: The present paper endeavors experimentally to show the presence of the lacking of self-catalysis in the reduction of nickel- and copper oxides by hydrogen. Experimental results show that the metallic nickel and copper forming in the reduction of NiO and CuO by hydrogen exercise a catalytic effect on the velocity of reaction. The catalytic effect of these additions can be imagined by taking the agreement with respect to orientation and the initial oxide according to P.D.Dankov [Ref. 24] into account. If one compares the structure of NiO with that of the β -nickel forming during the reaction, the possibility of an orientation of the first-formed metal layer according to the oxide can be imagined. Here the inter-atomic distance in the nickel lattice increases by about 14% (compared with the normal one). The same seems to occur in the reduction of copper

Card 1/2

The Catalytic Effect of Solid Products in the Reduction of Nickel- and Copper
Oxides by Hydrogen 76-11-27/35

oxide, but in this case agreement as to orientation must be of a complicated character: 1.) Because of the greater difference of the lattice parameters and types in the initial substance and the reaction product, and 2) Because of the possible occurrence of an intermediate layer of copper oxide. The deforming effect is reciprocal. The catalytical influence of the product can occur only if there is sufficient contact between the product and the initial substance. This explains the reason why a mechanical addition of copper powder exercised no influence upon the velocity of reaction. This is in agreement with published data. There are 8 figures, 2 tables and 25 references, 18 of which are Slavic.

ASSOCIATION: Tomsk State University imeni V.V.Kuybyshev (Tomskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet im. V.V.Kuybysheva)

SUBMITTED: November 2, 1956

AVAILABLE: Library of Congress

Card 2/2

KUZNETSOV, N.D., inzh.; OBOROTISTOVA, M.L., inzh.; YERMOLAYEV, A.U., inzh.
YAGUNOV, A.A., inzh.; KRASNOV, A.I.; RYSIN, V.I., inzh.

Exchange of experience among the enterprises of economic
councils. Torf. prom. 38 no.7:31-34 '61. (MIRA 14:12)

1. Syavakiy lesokhinkombinat Gor'kovskoy oblasti (for
Kuznetsov). 2. Shaturakiy torfotrest Mosoblsovarkhoza (for
Obrotistova). 3. Predpriyatiye Osintorf sovarkhoza BSSR
(for Yermolayev). 4. Monetnoye torfopredpriyatiye Sverdlovskogo
sovarkhoza (for Yagunov). 5. Makeikha-Zybinskoye predpriyatiye
Yaroslavskogo sovarkhoza (for Krasnov). 6. Torfopredpriyatiye
Radovitskiy mokh Mosoblsovarkhoza (for Rysin).
(Peat machinery)

YERMOLAYEV, A.V. 30

PROCESSES AND PROPERTIES

Plastic masses from rubber. A. V. Yermolayev and V. P. Kirko. Russ. 70,967, April 30, 1937. Into the usual rubber mixt. is introduced during rolling up to 30% (on the rubber) of halogenetic acti.

ASB-SEA METALLURGICAL LITERATURE CLASSIFICATION

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90	91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99	100
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YERMOLAYEV, A.V.
ca

PROCESSES AND PROPERTIES INDEX

30

Synthetic rubber resistant to benzene and oil. A. A. Ernsolov and V. P. Kirko. *Russ. Khim.* 31(11), July 1954, 1713-1714. Chlorinated Na-butadiene rubber is treated with 0.5-3.0% di- or tri-chloroacetic acid, heated to 140°C for 1-3 hrs., the excess acid washed out, and the product mixed with the usual ingredients of rubber mixes, and vulcanized in the usual manner.

The results were unsuccessful with synthetic rubber. From Sorsprene, kau-saghyz and kok-saghyz rubber thread equal or nearly equal to imported natural rubber was obtained. Tech. production of rubber thread from Soviet rubber differs very little from existing methods except that thread from Sorsprene is finished in a cold machine and the time of vulcanization (for Sorsprene or kok-saghyz) is reduced 1.5-2 times. The quality of the rubber thread is satisfactory. Soviet rubber can successfully replace imported natural rubber for the manufacture of rubber thread and other products which require a strong, elastic rubber. Data on the properties of kau-saghyz are given. W. R. Hunt

ASD-5LA METALLURGICAL LITERATURE CLASSIFICATION

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90	91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99	100
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YERMOLAYEV, A.V.
L of C

*Grade Natural
Rubber*

Use of high-frequency currents in the rubber industry. A. V. YERMOLAYEV and I. S. OSMANOVICH (Kauchuk i Rezina, 1960, No. 9, 33-6; I.R.W., 1960, 195, 74). Advantages of using high-frequency current for vulcanizing rubber include the even and quick heating of the entire mass; the ease with which the temperature can be regulated; considerable reduction in the period of time required for vulcanization; and the ease and cleanliness of the process and the possibility of making it continuous. 36789

1/1/71

ALEKSEYEV KO, L.A.; YERMOLAYEV, A.V.; YEL'CHINSKAYA, I.S.

Effect of some additions on the kinetics of the reduction of
cadmium oxide by hydrogen. Zhur. fiz. khim. 38 no.6:1640-1642
Je '64. (MIRA 18:3)

1. Tomskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet.

L 3666-66 EWP(m)/ZPP(c)/EWP(1) RM

ACCESSION NR: AP5017841

UR/0206/65/000/011/0078/0078
678.703.043

AUTHOR: Terent'yev, A. P.; Yermolayev, A. V.; Rukhadze, Ye. G.; Ippozemtseva, A. V.;
Bobrova, N. I.; Malaya, Z. I.; Lobova, A. N.

TITLE: Vulcanization process for fluorocarbon elastomers. Class 39, No. 171567 16

SOURCE: Byulleten' izobreteniy i tovarnykh znakov, no. 11, 1965, 78

TOPIC TAGS: fluorocarbon elastomer, vulcanization, vulcanizing agent

ABSTRACT: An Author Certificate has been issued for vulcanizing agents for fluoro-
carbon elastomers. To improve the physical and mechanical properties of the vulcan-
izates and to simplify the vulcanization process, the vulcanizing agents used are
cobalt N, N'-ethylenebis(salicylidinimine) and/or titanium salicylidinimine. [SM]

ASSOCIATION: none

SUBMITTED: 21Apr62

ENCL: 00

SUB CODE: MT

NO REF SOV: 000

OTHER: 000

AND PRESS: 4047

Card 1/1 *Chk*

YERMOLAYEV, B. B.

Cand. Veterin Sci.

Dissertation: "Insufficiency of Blood Formation in Horses Affected
with Infectious Anemia."

6 Jul. 49

Moscow Veterinary ACADEMY

SO Vecheryaya Moskva
Sum 71

YEKOLAYEV, B.B., dotent.

Etiopathogenesis of diseases in horses with the symptoms of colic.
Veterinaria 30 no.8:33-40 Ag '53. (MLBA 6:8)

1. Novocherkasskiy sootekhnicheskovo-veterinarnyy institut.

SEMENOV, Ivan Semenovich; YERMOKHIN, Mikhail Matveyevich

[New military statutes] Novye voinskie ustavy. Moskva,
Voenn. izd-vo, 1961. 39 p. (MIRA 18:9)

YERMOKHIN, N., general-major artillerii; VEKSLER, I., p dpolkovnik; SHILOV,
N., Inzhener-podpolkovnik

Methodological skill plus programmed instruction. Tekh. i vooruzh.
no.4:36-40 Ap '64. (MIRA 17:9)

~~YERMOKHIN V.N.~~

USSR/Cultivated Plants - Potatoes, Vegetables, Melons.

II-5

Abs Jour : Ref Zhur - Biol., No 9, 1958, 39304

Author : Yermokhin, V.N.

Inst : -

Title : The Influence of Deep Soil Cultivation Without Over Turning the Soil Layer on the Yield of Vegetable-Melon Crops and of Potatoes under Conditions of Irrigated Farming.

Orig Pub : Sots, s.-kh. Uzbekistana, 1956, No 10, 61-64.

Abstract : Potatoes were planted early (Kubiny No 3 variety) in a soil which was plowed to a depth of 40-45 cm without turning over the soil layer. The plants developed well and the yield increased by 27% in comparison with the same crop grown on soil plowed to a depth of 25-27 cm. The experiment took place at the Uzbek vegetable-potato experiment station in 1955. The yield of water melons increased by 10%. The yield of melon crops went up by 5%.

Card 1/2

- 67 -

USSR/Cultivated Plants - Potatoes, Vegetables, Melons.

M-5

Also Jour : Ref Zhur - Biol., No 9, 1958, 39304

Potatoes planted in the summer in deeply plowed soil without turning over the layer produced a decrease in yield in comparison with a crop obtained on soil which had been turned over. In this experiment, irrigation had to be used even before the appearance of sprouts. This caused a sagging and tightening in the soil which had been plowed without over turning the layer. Therefore, the plant developed poorly. When the soil was plowed deeply without a moldboard, the contents of nitrates and of free phosphoric acid in the arable and sub-arable horizon down to a depth of 50 cm. increased considerably. -- S.A. HILITIN.

Card 2/2

YERMOKHIN, V.N.

M-3

USSR/Cultivated Plants - Potatoes. Vegetables. Melons.

Abs Jour : Ref Zhur - Biol., No 7, 1958, 29821

Author : Yermokhin, V.N.

Inst :
Title : The Rectangular Double-Row Method of Planting Melons on Irrigated Ground

Orig Pub : Sots. s. kh. Uzbekistana, 1957, NO 3, 49-53

Abstract : At the Uzbek Experimental Vegetable and Potato Station, trying out three different methods of planting in 1955 (namely, the square-pocket method with 140 x 140 cm. and 2 plants in each bunch, the rectangular at 140 x 70 cm. with a single plant in each group, planting on the scheme of 280 x 70 cm. in shallow coupled furrows, leaving one plant in a bunch) showed the latter method to yield the best results. The rectangular double-row method of planting in the furrows improved the irrigating set-up and facilitated a melon yield increase in comparison with the

Card 1/2

YERMOKHIN, V.N.

USSR/Cultivated Plants. Potatoes, Vegetables, Melons.

M

Abs Jour: Ref Zhur-Biol., No 17, 1958, 77682.

Author : Yermokhin, V.N.

Inst

Title : New Division into Districts of Varieties of Vegetables and Melon Crops.

Orig Pub: Sots. s.kh. Uzbekistana, 1957, No 8, 73-74.

Abstract: Description is given of new varieties of vegetable and melon crops put into the districts of the Uzbek SSR in 1957: salt cucumbers Kuylyuk-skiy 262, cabbage Tashkentskaya 10 for the middle and late periods of planting, and Samarkand white watermelon.

Card : 1/1

67

Y z R m o K H H V V V

11(8) PHASE I BOOK EXHIBITION 809/2985

Baku. Azerbaydzanskiy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut nefte-
pererabatyvayushchey promyshlennosti imeni V. V. Kuybysheva.
Sbornik trudov, vyp. 2. (Collection of Works, No. 2) Baku,
Asnetizdat, 1958. 373 p. Errata slip inserted. 500
copies printed.

Additional Sponsoring Agency: Azerbaydzhan. Ministerstvo neftyanoy
promyshlennosti.

Ed. of Publishing House: T.B. Al'tman; Editorial Board: V.S. Aliyev,
Candidate of Chemical Sciences, V.S. Gulyuz, Doctor of Chemical
Sciences, A.M. Kuliyyev, Doctor of Chemical Sciences, M.A. Imshayev,
Chemical Sci. Technical Sciences, V.Ya. Masukyan, Candidate of
Chemical Sciences, M. I. Abdullayev, Candidate of Technical
Sciences, M. I. Abdullayev, Candidate of Chemical Sciences, M.A. Al'
tman, Candidate of Chemical Sciences, I.M. Gurbanova, Candidate
of Technical Sciences, M.M. Melikdzade, Candidate of Chemical
Sciences.

PURPOSE: This collection of articles is intended for chemical
engineers, technicians, and refiners concerned with advanced
methods of petroleum conversion.

COVERAGE: The collection presents an analysis of different
types of crudes extracted in Azerbaydzhan and of the products
recovered from these crudes through petroleum conversion
processes. The desulfuring, desalting and demulsifying of crudes
is described and the suitability of these crudes for the
cracking of diesel fuels is discussed. Results of catalytic
cracking of diesel fuels over fluidized bed synthetic catalyst
and the chemical composition of gasoline produced by two-
stage catalytic cracking as well as catalyzed, absorption and desulfur-
tion of catalysts as well as catalyzed, absorption and desulfur-
tion of catalysts are reviewed. Various laboratory and industrial
flow systems are reviewed. Various laboratory and industrial
the production of different types of oils and solvents and
are outlined. References accompany individual articles.

Masukyan, V. Ya., M. I. Abdullayev, K. I. Aliyev, M. A. Imshayev,
and M. Arustamov. Preliminary Treatment of Baku Crude for
Refining 16

Aliyeva, S. M., V. V. Yevlakhina, A. O. Ismailov, A. V. Baidakov
(deceased), M. A. Abdullayev, M. M. Melikdzade, A. M. Kuliyyev
(deceased), S. A. Gulyuz. Azerbaydzhan Crudes as a Raw Material
Source for Diesel Fuels 24

Masukyan, V. Ya., V. S. Gulyuz, and D. I. Zulfugarly. Effect of
Certain Conditions of Catalytic Cracking Performed Over a Fluorinated
Synthetic Silica Alumina Catalyst on the Formation of Aromatic
Hydrocarbons in Gasoline 44

Contd. 38

SOV/81-59-10-36392

Translation from: Referativnyy zhurnal. Khimiya, 1959, Nr 10, p 438 (USSR)

AUTHORS: Agayeva, S.M., Yermokhin, V.V., Ismaylov, A.G., Kudinov, A.V., Kupriyano
va, L.A., Nadirova, M.N., Terteryan, A.B., Terteryan, S.A.

TITLE: The Petroleum of Azerbaydzhan as Raw Material Source for the Production
of Diesel Fuels

PERIODICAL: Sb. tr. Azerb. n.-i. in-t neftepererabat. prom-sti, 1958, Nr 2, pp 34-43
(Azerbaydzhanian summary)

ABSTRACT: The results of an investigation are cited which had the aim of obtaining high-quality diesel fuel for high-speed diesel engines from Azerbaydzhan petroleum. Petroleum samples of 24 layers were subjected to laboratory fractionation followed by selecting the 10°C fractions within the temperature range of 130 - 400°C. The obtained fractions were then subjected to physical-chemical analysis for determination of indices characterizing the operational properties of the fuels: cetane number, fraction composition, viscosity, turbidity and pour points, etc. Based on the investigation the classification of the principal types of Baku petroleum has been carried out with regard to obtaining diesel fuels from them. The resources

Card 1/2

SOV/81-59-10-36392

The Petroleum of Azerbaydzhan as Raw Material Source for the Production of Diesel Fuels
and the qualities of these fuels have been determined and a State Standard GOST for
high-speed diesel fuels has also been developed.

V. Kel'tsev

Card 2/2

TRACHEV, Roman Yakovlevich; NAMESTNIKOV, A.F., spets.red.;
YEROKHINA, N.V., red.; KISINA, Ye.I., tekhn. red.

[Equipment for canning green peas] Oborudovanie dlia
konservirovaniia zelenogo goroshka. Moskva, Pishche-
promisdat, 1963. 118 p. (MIRA 16:7)
(Peas, Canned)

DIKIY, Boris Fedorovich; LOMAKIN, Vladimir F. Ippovich; DREVS,
G.V., dots., retsenzent; ZAYCHIK, TS.R., inzh.,
retsenzent; YEMORHINA, H.V., red.

[Automation of the processes in wine making] Avtomati-
zatsiia protsessov vinodeliia. Moskva, Pishchevaia pro-
myshlennost', 1964. 365 p. (MIRA 17:9)

VLASOV, Petr Fedorovich; KOMAROV, V.S., inzh., retsenzent;
YERMONKHINA, N.V., red.; KISINA, Ye.I., tekhn. red.

[Ventilation, air-conditioning and pneumatic conveying in tobacco factories] Ventilatsiia, konditsionirovanie vozdukha i pnevmaticheskii transport na tabachnykh fabrikakh. Moskva, Pishchepromisdat, 1963. 155 p. (MIRA 16:12)
(Pneumatic conveying) (Tobacco industry)

ANTOKOL'SKAYA, Mir'yam Yakovlevna; BRONSHEYN, Isaak Iosifovich;
MARTYNOV, Mikhail Ivanovich; SMIRNOV, Anatoliy Fedorovich;
SHKLOVSKAYA, Anna Yevgen'yevna; ZHURAVLEVA, Ye.I., retsenzent;
SOLOMONOV, P.I., retsenzent; YERMOKHINA, N.V., red.;

[Manual on raw materials, intermediate products and finished products in confectionery; manufacture; physicochemical characteristics] Spravochnik po syr'iu, polufabrikatam i gotovym izdeliham konditerskogo proizvodstva; fiziko-khimicheskie kharakteristiki. Moskva, Izd-vo "Pishchevaia promyshlennost'," 1964. 229 p. (MIRA 17:5)

SHTROMBERG, Ya.A.; KALINUSEVICH, M.P., prof., retsenezent; DZHALAGANYA, K.I.,
inzh., retsenezent; YERMOKHINA, N.Y., red.
[Ventilation and the air conditioning in the tea
processing industry] Ventilatsiya i konditsionirovanie
vozdukh v chaeobrabatyvaiushchei promyshlennosti. Mo-
skva, Izd-vo "Pishchevaia promyshlennost'," 1964. 217 p.
(MIRA 17:6)

PERTSOVSKIY, Yevgeniy Solomonovich; SHUBIN, Anatoliy Stepanovich;
RACHINSKIY, V.V., prof., retsenzent; KARDASHEV, A.V.,
kand. tekhn.nauk, retsenzent; YERMOKHINA, N.V., red.

[Use of atomic energy in the food industry] Primenenie
atomnoi energii v pishchevoi promyshlennosti. Moskva,
Pishchevaia promyshlennost', 1964. 398 p.
(MIRA 18:3)

Yermokhina, T.M.

YERBINOVA, T.M.; YERMOKHINA, T.M.

Lipids of sewage waters. Vest. Mosk. un. Ser. biol., pochv., geol.,
geog. 12 no. 4: 63-73 '57. (MIRA 11:5)

1. Kafedra biokhimi rasteniy Moskovskogo gosudarstvennogo uni-
versiteta.

(Lipids) (Sewage—Analysis)

YEVREINOVA, T.N.; MASLOVA, S.V.; YERMOKHINA, T.M.; SIZOVA, T.P.

Effect of temperature on nucleic acids of *Aspergillus fumigatus*.
Mikrobiologiya 29 no. 4:516-522 JI-Ag '60. (MIRA 13:10)

1. Moskovskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet imeni M.V. Lomonosova.
(ASPERGILLUS) (NUCLEIC ACIDS)
(TEMPERATURE—PHYSIOLOGICAL EFFECT)

YERMOKHINA, T.M.; ZAYTSEVA, G.N.; BELOZERSKIY, A.N., akademik

Specificity of methionine activating enzymes and ribonucleic acids
accepting methionine in various species of microorganisms. Dokl.
AN SSSR 149 no.6:1438-1442 Ap '63. (MIRA 16:7)

1. Moskovskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet im. M.V.Lomonosova.
(Methionine) (Nucleic acids) (Enzymes)

YERMOKHINA, T.M.; ZAYTSEVA, G.N. ; ZERNOVA, L.I.; BELOZERSKIY, A.N.,
akademik

Some data on the "species" of sRNA and aminoacyl-sRNA-synthetases
in micro-organisms. Dokl. AN SSSR 159 no.5:1165-1168. D '64
(MIRA 18:1)

1. Moskovskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet im. M.V. Lomonosova.

YERMOKHINA, T.M.; STAMBOLOVA, M.A.; ZAYTSEVA, G.N.; KHALIZERSKIY, A.N.,
akademik

Species specificity of "soluble" RNA and aminoacyl-RNA-synthetases
in some plants. Dokl. AN SSSR 164 no.3:688-691. S '65.

(MIRA 18:9)

1. Moskovskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet.

ACC NR: AP6033277

SOURCE CODE: UR/0020/66/170/004/0974/0977

AUTHOR: Yermokhina, T. M.; Mekhanik, M. L.; Zaytseva, G. N.; Belozerskiy, A. N. (Academician)

ORG: Moscow State University im. M. V. Lomonosov (Moskovskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet)

TITLE: Investigation of phenylalanyl-RNA-synthetase and phenylalanine sRNA in yeasts and insects

SOURCE: AN SSSR, Doklady, v. 170, no. 4, 1966, 974-977

TOPIC TAGS: enzymology, RNA, RNA synthesis, ~~Enzymology~~, cell physiology, ~~and insect physiology~~, biochemistry, *insect, enzyme, yeast*

ABSTRACT: The possible heterogeneity of phenylalanyl-RNA synthetases and their corresponding sRNA's was investigated using insect and microbial materials as sources of biochemicals. Cellular extracts of very high purity were obtained using standard methods. The enzymes from insect larvae and yeasts were separated into two components on a DEAE cellulose column and their physical properties and enzyme action determined using radioactive tracer methods. Two corresponding sRNA fractions were also separated, enzyme E₁ aminoacylates phenylalanine with RNA_{II} and enzyme E₂—RNA_I. In the protein fraction a third enzyme E₃

Card 1/2

UDC: 547.963.3

ACC NR: AP6033277

appeared, but two corresponding C^{14} -phenylalanyl RNA's were discovered, a case of one enzyme governing the formation of two slightly different sRNA's. E_1 was species specific being found only in extracts from flies. The existence of other sets of general heterogeneous and species specific enzymes are postulated for other organisms. Orig. art. has: 3 figures. [W.A. 50]

SUB CODE: 06/ SUBM DATE: 29Jun66/ ORIG REF: 004/ OTH REF: 015

Card 2/2

ACC NR: AP6033277

SOURCE CODE: UR/0020/66/170/004/0974/0977

AUTHOR: Yermokhina, T. M.; Mekhanik, M. L.; Zaytseva, G. N.; Belozerskiy, A. N. (Academician)

ORG: Moscow State University in. M. V. Lomonosov (Moskovskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet)

TITLE: Investigation of phenylalanyl-RNA-synthetase and phenylalanine sRNA in yeasts and insects

SOURCE: AN BSSR. Doklady, v. 170, no. 4, 1966, 974-977

TOPIC TAGS: enzymology, RNA, RNA synthesis, ~~enzyme~~, cell physiology, ~~metabolism~~, biochemistry, *insect, enzyme, yeast*

ABSTRACT: The possible heterogeneity of phenylalanyl-RNA synthetases and their corresponding sRNA's was investigated using insect and microbial materials as sources of biochemicals. Cellular extracts of very high purity were obtained using standard methods. The enzymes from insect larvae and yeasts were separated into two components on a DEAE cellulose column and their physical properties and enzyme action determined using radioactive tracer methods. Two corresponding sRNA fractions were also separated, enzyme E₁ aminoacylates phenylalanine with RNA_{I1} and enzyme E₂—RNA_I. In the protein fraction a third enzyme E₃

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UDC: 547.963.1

ACC NR: AP6033277

appeared, but two corresponding C¹⁴-phenylalanyl RNA's were discovered, a case of one enzyme governing the formation of two slightly different sRNA's. E₁ was species specific being found only in extracts from flies. The existence of other sets of general heterogeneous and species specific enzymes are postulated for other organisms. Orig. art. has:
3 figures. [W.A. 50]

SUB CODE: 06/ SUBM DATE: 29Jun66/ ORIG REF: 004/ OTH REF: 015

Card 2/2

TOROPOV, A.P.; YERMOKHINA, V.A.

Viscosity of systems with ethyl stearate. Uzb.khim.zhur
no.3:36-40 '61. (MIRA 14:11)

1. Tashkentskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet imeni Lenina.
(Stearic acid)
(Systems(Chemistry))

CHUCHULIN, P.P.; YERMOLAYEV, A., ofitser-topograf zapasa (g.Ul'yanovsk);
PETRENKO, V.V. (g.Odessa)

Problems requiring discussion. Geog.v shkole 22 no.3:76-80
My-Je '59. (MIRA 12:11)

1. Kabardino-Balkarskaya ASSR (for Chuchulin).
(Geography--Study and teaching)

YERMOLAYEV, A.

USSR / Farm Animals. Cattle.

Q

Abs Jour : Ref Zhur - Biologiya, No 2, 1959, No. 7351

Author : Yermolayev, A.

Inst : Not given

Title : The Milk's Fat Content in the Bestuzhevskiy
Breed Cattle in Bashkiria

Orig Pub : Molochn. i myasn. zhivotnovodstvo, 1958, No
3, 45-48

Abstract : No abstract given

Card 1/1

13

YERMOLAYEV, A.

YEGOROV, L.; YERMOLAYEV, A.; MIKHAYLUTA, D.

The ZIL-164 motortruck. Avt. trupp. 35. no. 3:26-29 Nr '57.
(MIRA 10:5)

1. Moskovskiy avtomobil'nyy saved in. I.A. Likhachev.
(Motortrucks)

LOSHCHAGINA, Ye.; YERMOLAYEV, A.

Contribution of innovator N.F.IAanchevskii. Mashinostroitel'
no.8:3 Ag '62. (MIRA 15:8)
(Milling machines--Technological innovations)

YERMOLAYEV, A.; LOSHCHAGINA, Ye.

G.M. Komarov's helical cutter. Mashinostroitel' no.2:24 F '63.

(MIRA 16:3)

(Metal-cutting tools)

PHASE I BOOK EXPLOITATION 719

Yermolayev, Aleksandr Aleksandrovich

Teoreticheskiye osnovy teplotekhniki (Theoretical Principles of Heat Engineering) Moscow, Gosenergoizdat, 1957. 349 p. 10,000 copies printed.

Ed.: Kuz'min, S. I.; Tech. Ed.: Zabrodina, A. A.

PURPOSE: The book is intended as a textbook for schools in power engineering and for technical workers in heat engineering.

COVERAGE: The ~~author~~, a lecturer in heat engineering at the Leningrad Engineering Tekhnicum, presents the principles of heat engineering including thermodynamics and the theory of heat transfer. Part I cites the main laws of thermodynamics theory and shows their application in analyzing cycles of thermal power stations operating on both gas and steam. He dwells on the escape and throttling of gas and vapor, and on moist air properties.

Card 1/11

Theoretical Principles of Heat Engineering

719

Part II of the book deals with the physical principles of heat exchange and the methods of analyzing the operation and design of thermal installations. The author clarifies the subject by citing examples to illustrate the solution of technical problems. The book contains 8 appendices which consist of tables of technical data on power plants. Personalities mentioned include Professor M. D. Vaysman, who reviewed the manuscript, and Professor S. I. Kuz'min, the scientific editor. There are 22 Soviet references.

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Card 11/11

IS/eag
11-25-58

YERMOLAYEV, A.A., dotsent, kand.tekhn.nauk

Efficiency of steam and gas-turbine engines. Sbor. LIZHT no. 168:
258-262 '60. (MIRA 13:10)

(Steam engines--Efficiencies)
(Gas turbines)

KHAZEN, Moisey Mikhaylovich; IVANOV, Igor' Ivanovich; ARONOVICH,
Simon Savvich; YERMOLAYEV, A.A., kand. tekhn. nauk, dots.
retsensent; KZE'NIK, V.A., inzh., rad.

[Heat and power systems] Teplosilovoe khoziaistvo. Moskva,
Transport, 1964. 329 p. (MIRA 17:8)

1. Leningradskiy institut inzhenerov zheleznodorozhnogo trans-
porta (for Yermolayev).

SHIPITSYN, S.A.; KIRYUSHKIN, V.V.; YERMOLAYEV, A.A.

Gas burner for flame photometry of powder specimens. Zav. lab. 31
no.2:253 '65. (MIRA 18:7)

1. Irkutskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet.

YERMOLAYEV, A.A., inshener; RYZHKOV, F.M., inshener; SIDOROV, P.S., inshener.

Experience in ventilating mines after large-scale explosions.
Besop.truda v prom. 1 no.5:10-12 '57. (MIRA 10:7)

- 1. Unipromed' (for Yermolayev and Ryshkov). 2. Degtyarskiy rudnik (for Sidorov).**
(Mine ventilation) (Mine explosions)

YERMO LA YEV, P. II.
BAKIROV, U. Kh., gornyy inzhener; KRUTOVSKIKH M. D., gornyy inzhener; YERMOLAYEV,
A. A., gornyy inzhener.

Counterrater fans. Cor. shur. no. 5170-71 W- '57. (MIRA 10:6)

1. Unipromed'.
(Great Britain--Mine ventilation)
(Fans, Electric)

RYZHKOV, F.N., inzh.; YERMOLAYEV, A.A., inzh. [deceased]

Results of the introduction of suction-type ventilation. Bezop.truda
v prom. 6 no.8:22-23 Ag '62. (MIRA 16:4)

1. Ural'skiy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy i proyektnyy institut mednoy
promyshlennosti.

(Mine ventilation)

YEMOLAYEV, A. A.; LOSHCHAGINA, Ye. I.

Fitting and repair shop foreman G. N. Nikitin, Mashinostroitel'
no. 12:5 D '62. (MIRA 16:1)

(Leningrad—Machinery industry)

SLONIM, I. Ya.; URMAN, Ya.G.; YERMOLAYEV, A.D.

Nuclear magnetic resonance in trioxane. Zhur. strukt. Khim. 6
no. 4:531-539 JI-Ag '65 (MTRK 19:1)

1. Nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut plastmass. Submitted October
28, 1964.

KOCHERGIN, P.G. (Kursk); YERMOLAYEV, A.D., (Ul'yanovsk); PASTERISOVICH,
E.L. (Leningrad); MOZZHELIN, A.I.; LAVROV, V.A.; ZIMINA, A.

Discussion of new geography programs. Geog.v shkole 23 no.1:
63-74 Ja-F '60. (MIRA 13:5)

1. 176-ya shkola rabochey molodeshi Mskvy (for Mozzhelin).
2. 7-ya shkola rabochey molodeshi Kalinina (for Lavrov).
(Geography--Study and teaching)

AKUTIN, M.S.; TIKHOMIROVA, N.S.; YERMOLAYEV, A.D.

Preparation of polyformaldehyde by means of radiation polymerization
of trioxane. Plast.massy no.12:12-13 '63. (MIRA 17:2)

URMAN, Ya.G.; SLONIM, I. Ya.; YERMOLAYEV, A.D.

Nuclear magnetic resonance in the system: polymer in monomer
matrix. Vysokom. soed. 6 no.11:2107-2108 N '64 (MIRA 18:2)

SLONIM, I.Ya.; URMAN, Ya.G.; YERMOLAYEV, A.D.; AKUTIN, M.S.

Nuclear magnetic resonance in oriented polymers. Part 3: Polyoxymethylene
obtained by radiation polymerization. Zhur. strukt. khim. 6 no.2:192-197
Mz-Apr '65. (MIRA 18:7)

1. Nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut plastmass.

L 23332-66 EWT(m)/EPF(n)-2/ENP(j)/T/EWA(h)/EWA(1) EG/RM

ACC NR: AP6006979

SOURCE CODE: UR/0190/66/008/002/0251/0255

AUTHORS: Urman, Ya. G.; Slonim, I. Ya.; Yermolayev, A. D.ORG: Scientific Research Institute of Plastics (Nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut plasticheskikh mass)

TITLE: Investigation of the radiation polymerization of trioxane in solid phase (4th report in the series "Nuclear magnetic resonance in oriented polymers")

SOURCE: Vysokomolekulyarnyye soyedineniya, v. 8, no. 2, 1966, 251-255

TOPIC TAGS: radiation polymerization, nuclear magnetic resonance, trioxane

ABSTRACT: Oriented radiation-induced polymerization of trioxane in solid phase has been investigated by NMR. This is an expansion of the work published earlier by Ya. G. Urman, I. Ya. Slonim, and A. D. Yermolayev (Vysokomolek. soyed., 6, 2107, 1964). The method for preparing monocrystalline trioxane and for its polymerization was described previously by I. Ya. Slonim, Ya. G. Urman, and A. D. Yermolayev (Zh. struct. khimii, 6, 531, 1965). NMR spectra were taken with a spectrometer of the Central Laboratory of Automation (Tsentral'naya laboratoriya avtomatiki) at the frequency of 20 megahertz at 40°C. Changes in the NMR spectra observed during the solid polymerization process are shown in Fig. 1. It was observed that: 1) during post-polymerization of the irradiated sample at 55°C, the shape and second moment of NMR line change sharply. The position of the sample in the field also has a significant

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UDC: 66.095.26+678.55

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ACC NR: AP6006979

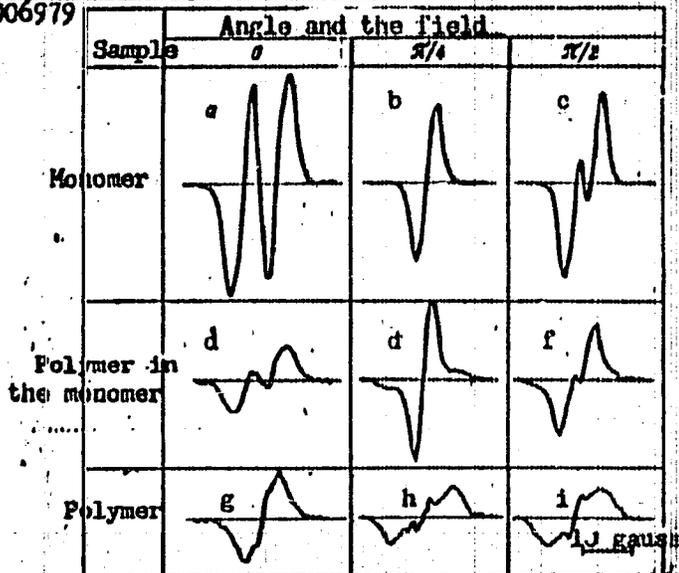


Fig. 1. Shape of NMR lines at 40C for three positions of the sample in the magnetic field: a, b, c - trioxane monocrystal; d, e, f - trioxane after irradiation and heating at 55C for 80 min; g, h, i - polyoxymethylene, washed of the residual monomer.

effect on the character of NMR: 2) agglomeration of low-molecular products occurs during polymerization, which is responsible for the appearance of a narrow component in NMR. Orig. art. has: 5 figures.

SUB CODE: 07/

SUBM DATE: 27Feb65/

ORIG REF: 010/

OTH REF: 001/

Card 2/2 ULR

GREBENYUK, V.A.; PUSTOVALOV, A.I.; YEROFEYEV, I.Ye.; KARABACH,
T.L.; TURGAMBAYEV, B.M.; BOSYAKOV, P.Ye.; YERMOLAYEV,
A.G.; FOMENKO, V.D.; YEGGROCHKIN, A.A.; GROMOV, D.I.;
ZHUYKO, Yu.P.; PANOV, S.A.;

[Twenty-second Congress of the Communist Party of the
Soviet Union Mine] Rudnik imeni XXII s"ezda KPSS. Moskva,
Nedra, 1964. 87 p. (MIRA 17:10)

1. Russia (1917- R.S.F.S.R.) Vostochno-Kazakhstanskiy
ekonomicheskii rayon. Zyr'yanovskiy svintsovyy kombinat.

RYBERT, V.F., gornyy inzh.; PUSTOVALOV, A.I., gornyy inzh.; PONOMAREV, L.F.,
gornyy inzh.; YEROFEYEV, I.Ye., gornyy inzh.; YERMOLAYEV, A.G., gor-
nyy inzh.

Making use of industrial potentialities in a mine of communist
labor. Gor.zhur. no.1:6-9 Ja '64. (MIRA 17:3)

1. Rudnik imeni XXII s"yezda Kommunisticheskoy partii Sovetskogo
Soyuza Zyryanovskogo kombinata.

YERMOLOYEV, A. I.

V 13971* Aluminum Alloys in Automotive Construction. Alu-
minievye splavy v avtomobile (Russian.) L. A. Egorenko and
A. I. Ermolov, Avtomobilnaya i traktoraya promyshlennost',
1955, no. 7, July, p. 25-27.
MC Composition and properties of Al alloys used in different sec-
tions of automotive industry. Photographs, diagrams. 7 ref.

[Handwritten signature]

Yegorov, L.A., Yermolayev, A.I.
YEGOROV, L.A., kandidat tekhnicheskikh nauk; YERMOLAYEV, A.I.

Testing and improving constant velocity universal joints for
automobiles. Avt. i trakt. prom. no.2:17-23 P '57. (MLRA 10:3)

1. Moskovskiy avtozavod imeni Likhacheva.
(Automobiles--Transmission devices)

BUKHARIN, N.A., doktor tekhn. nauk; YERMOLAYEV, A.I.;
SNYTIM, M.Ye., kand. tekhn. nauk

Evaluation of operational reliability and durability of
parts and units of a motor vehicle. Avt. prom. 29 no.8:
25-27 Ag '63. (MIRA 16:11)

1. Leningradskiy inzhenerno-stroitel'nyy institut i
Moskovskiy avtozavod imeni Likhacheva.

YERMOLAYEV, A.K., Doc Agr Sci -- (diss) "Increasing the
milk fat of ^{Bestushev} ~~besturhevskiy~~ cows in kolkhozes and sovkhoses
of Bashkiriya." Kiev, 1958, 31 pp (Min of Agr UKSSR.
Ukrainian Acad of Agr) 150 copies (KL, 42-58, 116)

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YERMOLAYEV, A. K., Doc. Agr Sci, "INCREASING THE ^{milk capacity} ~~FAT CONTENT~~
OF COWS OF THE BESTUSCHEFF BREED UNDER CONDITIONS OF THE KOL-
KHOZES AND SOVKHOZES OF BASHKIRIYA." KIEV, 1960. (MIN OF AGR
UKSSR, UKRANIAN ACAD OF AGR SCI). (KL, 3-61, 223).

YERIMOLAYEV, A. Kh.

ERMOLAEV, A. Kh.

Balans zheleznoi dorogi i ego znachenie. [The railway balance sheet and its significance]
Moskva, Gos. transp. shel-dor. izd-vo, 1950. 73 p forms. (EKONOMICHESKAIA biblioteka
zheleznodorozhnika).

DLC: HE2236.E7

SO; Soviet Transportation and Communications. A Bibliography, Library of Congress
Reference Department, Washington, 1952, Unclassified.

YERMOLYEV, A. Kh.

Inspection of documents in railroad transport Izd. 2., ispr. 1 dop. Moskva, Gos.
transp. zhel-dor. izd-vo, 1950. 202 p. (50-55183)

24(5)

SOV/54-58-4-6/18

AUTHOR:

Yermolayev, A. M.

TITLE:

Expansion of the Wave Functions of Many-electron Systems in Fok Series (Razlozheniye volnovykh funktsiy mnogoelektronnykh sistem v ryady Foka)

PERIODICAL:

Vestnik Leningradskogo universiteta. Seriya fiziki i khimii, 1958, Nr 4, pp 48-64 (USSR)

ABSTRACT:

In 1954, Fok found the form of the expansion of the wave function of the 1S state of a helium atom and helium-like ions. This expansion is a series of whole powers of r and $\ln r$. It was the purpose of this paper to generalize the results obtained by Fok (Ref 1) on the basis of the expansion of the wave functions of many-electron atoms. It is shown that according to the theory of harmonic functions on a hypersphere in the $3N$ -dimensional configuration space of the system of N electrons in the nuclear field a wide class of wave functions in the surroundings of $r = 0$ may be expanded in a double series (7,7). These series are called Fok series. Their coefficients are finite, continuous and simple functions of the spherical angles in each point of the hypersphere. If the logarithm power attains high values al-

Card 1/2

SOV/54-58-4-6/18

Expansion of the Wave Functions of Many-electron Systems in Fok Series

ready in the expansion, this series expansion is a generalization of the well-known expansion ad infinitum of a regular, singular point for the solution of a usual differential equation. The theory under discussion is very complicated for practical use. The expansion may be assumed to be convergent for all finite r . Further it is determined in a uniform way if the asymptotic expression of the wave function for $r \rightarrow \infty$ is given; the theory is especially useful for processes in the immediate neighborhood of the nucleus, i.e. the interaction between the electron shell and the nucleus. In conclusion, the author expresses his gratitude to Academician V. A. Fok for valuable advice and to Yu. N. Demkov for assistance and participation in this work. There are 11 references, 3 of which are Soviet.

Card 2/2

24(5)

AUTHORS:

Demkov, Yu. N., Yermolayev, A. M.

SOV/56-36-3-36/71

TITLE:

Fok Expansion for Wave Functions of Systems of Charged Particles (Razlozheniye Foka dlya volnovykh funktsiy sistemy zaryazhennykh ~~chastits~~)

PERIODICAL:

Zhurnal eksperimental'noy i teoreticheskoy fiziki, 1959, Vol 36, Nr 3, pp 896-899 (USSR)

ABSTRACT:

Already in 1954 V. A. Fok found out (Ref 1) that the wave function of the 1S -state of helium and helium-like ions can be expanded in a double series with r -th and in r -th degree

($r = \sqrt{r_1^2 + r_2^2}$, r_1 and r_2 - distance of the 1. and 2. electron respectively from the nucleus). Fok also developed a method for the successive determination of development coefficients which turn out to be homogeneous functions of zero-th order of the Cartesian coordinates of the electrons. The authors of the present paper show that such an expansion (which is named after Fok) is of general character and may be applied to any system consisting of an arbitrary number of charged particles. The present paper is intended to generalize the method for such

Card 1/3

Fok Expansion for Wave Functions of Systems
of Charged Particles

SCY/56-36-3-30/71

systems and for states of any symmetry. The authors proceed from the Schrödinger (Shrodinger) equation of a steady-state wave function in Cartesian coordinates; they then pass on to spherical coordinates in the configuration space and give the solution of this equation in form of a series

$\psi = \sum_n \sum_p a_{np} r^n (\ln r)^p$. For the a_{np} a system of equations is then given, which is investigated in the following. For $n = 1, 2, 3 \dots$ and $p < n$ the wave function must be set up as:

$$\psi = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \sum_{p=0}^n a_{np} r^n (\ln r)^p \quad \text{and for } n = 0, 1, 2 \dots k-1 \text{ as}$$

$$\psi = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \sum_{p=0}^{\lfloor n/2 \rfloor} a_{n+k,p} r^{n+k} (\ln r)^p .$$

Card 2/3

Fok Expansion for Wave Functions of Spins
of Charged Particles

307/56-46-3-3 /71

As regards a more detailed investigation of the solution of
the system of equations given for the ψ_{sp} and also for other
problems, reference is made to an article by A. A. Iermol'yev
in "Vestnik Leningradskogo universiteta". The author finally
thank V. A. Fok for his valuable advice. There are
4 references, 2 of which are Soviet.

ASSOCIATION: Leningradskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet
(Leningrad State University)

DATE: September 22, 1956

Card 3/3

YERMOLAYEV, A.M.

Calculation of nonrelativistic S-states of two-electron atoms
and ions. Vest. LGU 16 no.16:19-33 '61. (MIRA 14:8)
(Atoms) (Ions)

39870

S/051/62/015/002/009/014
E032/E314

24.3300

AUTHORS: Yermolayev, A.M., Minkov, I.M. and Vlasov, A.G.
 TITLE: A method of calculation of the optical properties of a multilayer coating with a given reflecting power
 PERIODICAL: Optika i spektroskopiya, v. 13, no. 2, 1962, 259 - 265
 TEXT: The authors consider the design of an n-layer coating with a given reflecting power R_N , where

$$R_N = R_N(x_0, x_1, \dots, x_N, x_{N+1}, \theta, \lambda) \tag{1}$$

x_j are the optical parameters of the media,
 θ is the angle of incidence, and
 λ the wavelength.

It is required to determine the number of layers N and the magnitude of the parameters x_j for which the reflecting power

Card 1/3

A method of

S/051/62/015/002/009/014
E032/E314

$R_N(\lambda)$ in the given wavelength interval and for a given angle of incidence should be described by a given function

$$R_N(x_1, x_2, \dots, x_N, \lambda) = F_0(\lambda) \quad (2)$$

The calculation starts with an assumed approximately known function $F_0(\lambda)$, which is denoted by R_m and contains the arbitrary parameters x_j . The next approximation is obtained by considering the quantities Φ_m , $m = m_0, m_0 + 1, \dots$, which are given by:

$$\Phi_m(\underline{x}) = \int_{\lambda_1}^{\lambda_2} \rho(\lambda) |R_m(\underline{x}, \lambda) - F_0(\lambda)|^k d\lambda, \quad k > 0 \quad (3)$$

In this formula $\rho(\lambda) > 0$ is a weighting function,

Card 2/3 \underline{x} is a vector whose cartesian coordinates are

S/051/62/015/002/009/014
EO32/E314

A method of

the numerical values of the independent parameters x_j of all the m-layer.

With $k = 2$ the function Φ_m represents the r.m.s. departure of $R_m(\underline{X}, \lambda)$ from the given function $F_0(\lambda)$. To each value of \underline{X} there corresponds a certain filter and as R_m approaches F_0 , $\Phi_m(\underline{X}) \rightarrow 0$. The parameters of the multilayer filter are determined by varying the components of \underline{X} until minimum $\Phi_m(\underline{X})$ is reached..

A complete numerical scheme suitable for use with an electronic computer is given and some typical examples are quoted. It is assumed that dispersion and absorption are absent but it is said that this limitation could easily be removed. There are 6 figures and 2 tables.

SUBMITTED: June 8, 1961

Card 3/3

YERMOLAYEV, A.M.; SOCHILIN, G.B.

Ground state π - π -electron atoms and ions. Dokl. AN SSSR
155 no. 5:1050-1053 Ap '64. (MIRA 17:5)

1. Leningradskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet im. A.A.Zhdanova
i Leningradskoye otdeleniye Matematicheskogo instituta im. V.I.
Steklova AN SSSR. Predstavleno akademikom V.A.Fokom.

ACCESSION NR: AT4041509

8/2910/63/003/01-/0167/0174

AUTHOR: Yermolayev, A. M. , Sochilin, G. B.

TITLE: An exact variational method for computation of the S-states in atoms with two electrons

SOURCE: AN LIUSSR. Litovakiy fizicheskiy sbornik, v. 3, no. 1-2, 1963, 167-174

TOPIC TAGS: S state, variational computation method, electron configuration, two electron atom, wave function, Hylleraas equation, variational wave function, helium

ABSTRACT: The variational method is based on Fock's investigation of the Hylleraas equation (Izv. AN SSSR, 18, 161, 1954), a nonrelativistic wave equation for a two-electron atom with infinitely heavy nucleus whose charge is Z . The variational wave function Ψ is chosen to be an analytic expression containing variable parameters. This function is chosen so that it represents the behavior of the exact wave function at the potential energy singularities and approaches the same asymptote at infinity. The coefficients of the exponential terms in the wave function expression are then decomposed into Fock's series. Each term of this series is a solution of a certain system of coupled equations on a four-dimensional sphere. The highest term can be determined exactly but the terms of lower order must be obtained from an approximate solution. The resulting variational wave

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ACCESSION NR: AT4041509

function contains arbitrary coefficients of a linear combination of 4-dimensional spherical functions of order $n = 1, 2, \dots, N + 1$ and accounts for those terms of the Fock's series which describe the behavior of the exact wave function in the vicinity of potential energy singularity. By introduction of auxiliary arbitrary coefficients, the total number of coefficients to be determined is decreased without changing the characteristics of the wave function. The standard Ritz procedure is used to obtain the final solution. An example in which the S state of the helium atom is computed is given. The variational wave function has 30 coefficients and gives a value of energy which could be obtained from a 40-parameter Kinoshita function (T. Kinoshita: Phys. Rev. 105, 1490, 1957 and 115, 366, 1959). The method, as presented in the paper, applies only to two-electron systems in S-states but can be generalized for multi-electron systems. Orig. art. has: 19 equations and 1 table.

ASSOCIATION: Leningradskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet im. Zhdanova (Leningrad State University); Leningradskoye otdeleniye Matematicheskogo instituta im. Steklova (Leningrad Branch of the Steklov Mathematical Institute)

SUBMITTED: 00

ENCL: 00

SUB CODE: NP

NO REF SOV: 003

OTHER: 003

Card

2/3

ACCESSION NR: AP4034536

B/0020/64/155/005/1050/1053

AUTHOR: Yermolayev, A. M.; Sochilin, G. B.

TITLE: Ground State of Two-electron Atoms and Ions

SOURCE: AN SSSR. Doklady*, v. 155, no. 5, 1964, 1050-1053

TOPIC TAGS: ground atomic state, two electron atom, two electron ion, S state, wave function, numerical computation, quantum mechanics

ABSTRACT: V. A. Fock (Izv. AN SSSR, ser. fiz. 18, 161 (1954)) has given a rigorous method for analysis of the S-state in the vicinity of the singular points. The present authors apply his method for numerical computation of the ground state of H, He, Li⁺, Be²⁺, Be³⁺, O⁷⁺ and Ne⁹⁺. The expansions used converge rapidly (they have about 30 parameters). The numerical computations were made with the BECM-2 computer of the computer Center of the Leningrad Division of the Mathematical Institute AN SSSR. "The authors are grateful to acad. V. A. Fock for discussions and comments, and to Yu. N. Demkov for discussions." Orig. art. has: no figures, 4 equations, 2 tables.

Card 1/2

ACCESSION NR: AP4034536

ASSOCIATION: Leningraiskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet im. A. A. Zhdanova
(Leningrad State University); Leningradskoye otdeleniye Matematicheskogo instituta
im V. A. Steklova Akademii Nauk SSSR (Leningrad Division of the Mathematical
Institute Academy of Sciences, SSSR)

SUBMITTED: 27Nov63

DATE ACQ: 13May64

ENCL: 00

SUB CODE: NP

NO REF SOV: 003

OTHER: 007

Card 2/2

L 23148-66 EMT(1)/T IJP(c) GG/AT SOURCE CODE: UR/0181/65/008/002/0560/0563

ACC NR: AP6005845

AUTHOR: Yermolayev, A. M.

ORG: Kharkov State University im. A. M. Gorky (Khar'kovskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet)

TITLE: Density of electron states in semiconductors with a Wurtzite lattice

SOURCE: Fizika tverdogo tela, v. 8, no. 2, 1966, 560-563

TOPIC TAGS: semiconductor theory, crystal lattice, crystal surface, crystal symmetry, electron structure, electron transition

ABSTRACT: Previous studies have shown that isoenergetic surfaces of electrons close to energy minima are ellipsoids with a symmetry which reflects the lattice symmetry. It has also been found that toroidal isoenergetic surfaces are preceded by an entire layer of surfaces with a complex topology located between ellipsoids and toroids in semiconductors with a Wurtzite lattice. The author studies the density of electron states and the classical effective mass of carriers in a magnetic field in a lattice of the Wurtzite type for transition from ellipsoidal to toroidal isoenergetic surfaces. Curves are given showing the behavior of the density of

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L 23148-66

ACC NR: AP6006846

states during transition from ellipsoidal isoenergetic surfaces to corrugated toroids, and the effective mass of carriers in a magnetic field as a function of energy. In conclusion I am sincerely grateful to M. I. Kaganov who proposed and directed this work. Orig. art. has: 2 figures, 5 formulas.

SUB CODE: 20/

SUBM DATE: 12Jul65/

ORIG REF: 007/

OTH REF: 001

Card 2/2 *ULB*

YERMOLAYEV, A.N.; SHCHERBATENKO, V.V.; RASPUT'KO, E.N.

[Effect of dynamic loads on bread quality] Vliyanie dinamicheskikh nagruzok na kachestvo chleba. Moskva, Tsentral'noe nauchno-tekhn. informatsii pishchevoi promyshl., 1964. 45 p. (MIRA 18:5)

YERMOLOV, A.P.

~~Operation of experimental frame-block bridges.~~ Transp.stroi. 6
no.2:32 F '56. (MLRA 9:6)

1.Mostovoy master 18-y distantsii puti Privolzhskoy doregi.
(Bridges, Concrete)

YERMOLAYEV, A.P.

"The Influence of the Preparations of the Blood from Pregnant Mares on Fertility of Cows."

SO: Veterinariya, Vol. 27; No. 3; 1950; p. 43; uncl

YEREMAYEV, A.P., kandidat veterinarnykh nauk.

Measure for controlling brucellosis on collective farms. Veterina-
riia 33 no.6:18-20 Je '56. (MLBA 9:8)

1. Omskiy veterinarnyy institut.
(Brucellosis--Prevention)

YERMOLAYEV, A.P.

YERMOLAYEV, A.P., kandidat veterinarnykh nauk.

Corn silage increases the productivity of cows. Nauka i pered.
op. v sel'khoz. 7 no.8:13-14 '57. (DCRA 10:9)

1. Omskiy veterinarnyy institut.
(Corn (Maize)) (Cows--Feeding and feeding stuffs)

USSR/Farm Animals - Cattle.

Q-3

Abs Jour : Ref Zhur - Biol., No 7, 1958, 30976

Author : Yermolayev A.

Inst : -

Title : What Age is Most Suitable for the First Mating of Heifers?
(V kakom vozraste naiboleye tselesoobrazno provodit' pervuyu sluchku telok).

Orig Pub : Molochn. i myasnoye zhitovnovodstvo, 1957, No 3, 42-43.

Abstract : According to the author's data, the mating of heifers at an early age (before 18 months of age is attained) has a negative effect upon the fat content in the milk of the primiparae. The best period of mating for the Bestuzhev breed is considered the age between 18 and 23 months.

Card 1/1

- 51 -

YERMOLAYEV, A.

USSR/Farm Animals - Cattle.

Q-3

Abs Jour : Ref Zhur - Bioli; No 7, 1958, 30960

Author : Yermolayev A.

Inst :

Title : The Influence of Sires on the Fatty Milkiness of the Progeny.
(Ottsovskoye vliyaniye na zhirnoblachnost' potomstva).

Orig Pub : Molochn. i myasnoye zhitovnovodstvo, 1957, No 9, 46-50

Abstract : On the basis of the data obtained from the herd of the Bestuzhev breed of the sovkhos "Urahak" of the Bashkir Spirtotrest, an analysis was effected in regard to the influence of the sires upon the increase of the fatty milkiness of the progeny. The number of daughters had by different sires ranged from 13 to 28; one bull had 54 daughters. The evaluation of sires by progeny was effected by comparing the female offspring. The data regarding production were collected for over 20 years.

Card 1/2

L 04060-67 E/P(R)/E/P(D)/E/P(N) E/P(L)/E/P(T)/E/P(U)

ACC NR: AP6027433

SOURCE CODE: UR/0125/66/000/007/0060/0062

AUTHOR: Yermolayev, A. P. (Moscow); Zlatkis, I. V. (Moscow); Pipko, A. I. (Moscow); Pliskovskiy, V. Ya. (Moscow); Puzyriyskiy, Yu. S. (Moscow); Tsybul'skiy, I. Ya. (Moscow)

ORG: none

TITLE: Following mechanism for arc welding in an inert gas

SOURCE: Avtomaticheskaya svarka, no. 7, 1966, 60-62

TOPIC TAGS: arc welding, inert gas welding, feed mechanism

ABSTRACT: The article describes the construction details of a new type following mechanism said to assure stability of the geometric dimensions of the welding seam in welding in inert gases with high ionization potentials (for example, helium). (See Fig. 1)

45
B

Card 1/3

UDC: 621.791.856.03

L 04060-67

ACC NR: AP6027433

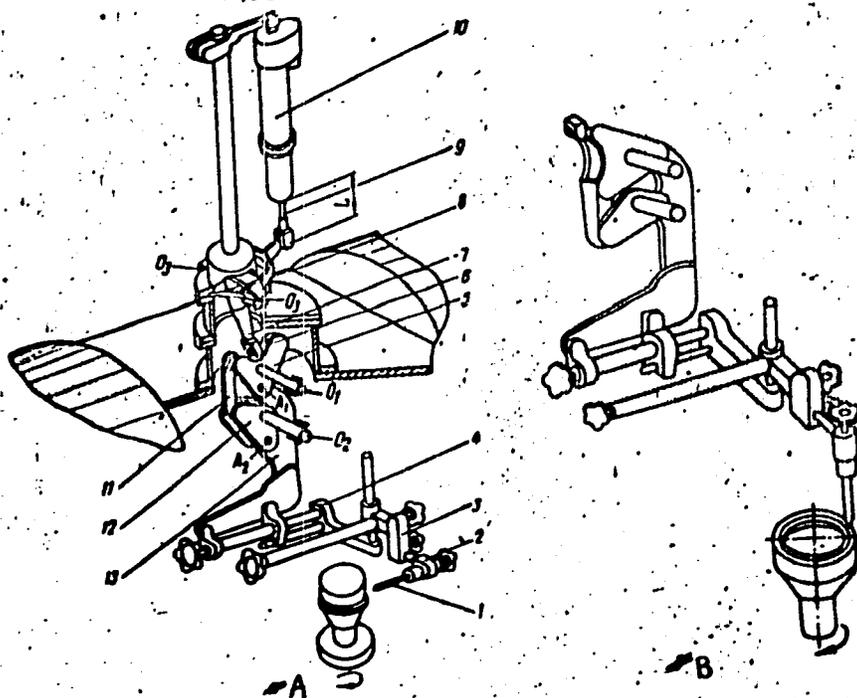


Figure 1.
Construction of
following mechanism

a--in position for
welding seams on a
cylindrical surface;
b--the same for an
end surface.

Card 2/3

L 04060-67

ACC NR: AP6027433

Electrode 1 is fastened to support 13 by means of clamps 2, 3, and 4. Clamp 2 makes it possible to rotate the electrode in a vertical plane and to change its position from the horizontal (Fig. 1, a) to the vertical (Fig. 1, b). Clamps 3 and 4 make it possible to regulate, respectively, the vertical and horizontal positions of the electrode. The support is connected by a swivel joint with levers 12 and 5, which are connected between themselves by link 11. Lever 5, with the aid of link 6 and lever 7, is connected in a swivelling fashion with shaft 9, which can execute forward and backward displacements, activated by a Type MP-100M of SL-161 electric motor, 10, with a built-in reducer. Experimental tests of the mechanism in argon arc welding have shown reliable maintenance of an interelectrode gap of 1 mm, with an accuracy of + 10%, in a range of welding currents from 15 to 150 amps. The article also gives a detailed diagram of the electric control circuit. Orig. art. has: 2 figures.

SUB CODE: 13/ SUBM DATE: 02Mar66/ ORIG REF: 004

kh

Card 3/3

VERHOFFEN, J.

AUTHORS: Boldyrev, V.V., Yemolayev, A.S.

76-11-27/35

TITLE: The Catalytic Effect of Solid Products in the Reduction of Nickel and Copper Oxides by Hydrogen (O kataliticheskom vliyani tverdykh produktov pri vosstanovlenii oksidov nikelya i medi vodorodom)

PERIODICAL: Zhurnal Fizicheskoy Khimii, 1957, Vol. 31, Nr 11, pp. 2562-2570 (USSR)

ABSTRACT: The present paper endeavors experimentally to show the presence of the lacking of self-catalysis in the reduction of nickel- and copper oxides by hydrogen. Experimental results show that the metallic nickel and copper forming in the reduction of NiO and CuO by hydrogen exercise a catalytic effect on the velocity of reaction. The catalytic effect of these additions can be imagined by taking the agreement with respect to orientation and the initial oxide according to P.D.Dankov [Ref. 24] into account. If one compares the structure of NiO with that of the β -nickel forming during the reaction, the possibility of an orientation of the first-formed metal layer according to the oxide can be imagined. Here the inter-atomic distance in the nickel lattice increases by about 14% (compared with the normal one). The same seems to occur in the reduction of copper

Card 1/2

The Catalytic Effect of Solid Products in the Reduction of Nickel- and Copper
Oxides by Hydrogen 76-11-27/35

oxide, but in this case agreement as to orientation must be of a complicated character: 1.) Because of the greater difference of the lattice parameters and types in the initial substance and the reaction product, and 2) Because of the possible occurrence of an intermediate layer of copper oxide. The deforming effect is reciprocal. The catalytical influence of the product can occur only if there is sufficient contact between the product and the initial substance. This explains the reason why a mechanical addition of copper powder exercised no influence upon the velocity of reaction. This is in agreement with published data. There are 8 figures, 2 tables and 25 references, 18 of which are Slavic.

ASSOCIATION: Tomsk State University imeni V.V.Kuybyshev (Tomskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet im. V.V.Kuybysheva)

SUBMITTED: November 2, 1956

AVAILABLE: Library of Congress

Card 2/2

KUZNETSOV, N.D., inzh.; OBOROTISTOVA, M.L., inzh.; YERMOLAYEV, A.U., inzh.
YAGUNOV, A.A., inzh.; KRASNOV, A.I.; RYSIN, V.I., inzh.

Exchange of experience among the enterprises of economic
councils. Torf. prom. 38 no.7:31-34 '61. (MIRA 14:12)

1. Syavakiy lesokhinkombinat Gor'kovskoy oblasti (for
Kuznetsov).
2. Shaturakiy torfotrest Mosoblsovarkhoza (for
Obrotistova).
3. Predpriyatiye Osintorf sovarkhoza BSSR
(for Yermolayev).
4. Monetnoye torfopredpriyatiye Sverdlovskogo
sovarkhoza (for Yagunov).
5. Makeikha-Zybinskoye predpriyatiye
Yaroslavskogo sovarkhoza (for Krasnov).
6. Torfopredpriyatiye
Radovitskiy mokh Mosoblsovarkhoza (for Rysin).
(Peat machinery)

YERMOLAYEV, A.V. 30

PROCESSES AND PROPERTIES

Plastic masses from rubber. A. V. Yermolayev and V. P. Kirko. Russ. 70,967, April 30, 1937. Into the usual rubber mixt. is introduced during rolling up to 30% (on the rubber) of halosuccinic acid.

ASB-SEA METALLURGICAL LITERATURE CLASSIFICATION

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90	91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99	100
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YERMOLAYEV, A.V.
ca

PROCESSES AND PROPERTIES INDEX

30

Synthetic rubber resistant to benzene and oil. A. A. Erudolov and V. P. Kirko. *Russ. Khim.* 31(11), July 1954, 1718.
Plasticized Na-butadiene rubber is treated with 0.5-3.0% di- or tri-chloroacetic acid, heated to 140°C for 1-3 hrs., the excess acid washed out, and the product mixed with the usual ingredients of rubber mixes, and vulcanized in the usual manner.

The results were unsuccessful with synthetic rubber. From Soreprene, kau-saghyz and kok-saghyz rubber thread equal or nearly equal to imported natural rubber was obtained. Tech. production of rubber thread from Soviet rubber differs very little from existing methods except that thread from Soreprene is finished in a cold machine and the time of vulcanization (for Soreprene or kok-saghyz) is reduced 1.5-2 times. The quality of the rubber thread is satisfactory. Soviet rubber can successfully replace imported natural rubber for the manufacture of rubber thread and other products which require a strong, elastic rubber. Data on the properties of kau-saghyz are given. W. R. Hunt

ASD-5LA METALLURGICAL LITERATURE CLASSIFICATION

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90	91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99	100
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YERMOLAYEV, A.V.
L. J. C.

*Grade Natural
Rubber*

Use of high-frequency currents in the rubber industry. A. V. YERMOLAYEV and I. S. OSMUNTSOVA (Kauchuk i Rezina, 1960, No. 9, 33-6; I.R.W., 1960, 195, 74). Advantages of using high-frequency current for vulcanizing rubber include the even and quick heating of the entire mass; the ease with which the temperature can be regulated; considerable reduction in the period of time required for vulcanization; and the ease and cleanliness of the process and the possibility of making it continuous. 36789

1/1/71

ALEKSEYEV, L.A.; YERMOLAYEV, A.V.; YEL'CHINSKAYA, I.S.

Effect of some additions on the kinetics of the reduction of
cadmium oxide by hydrogen. Zhur. fiz. khim. 38 no.6:1640-1642
Je '64. (MIRA 18:3)

1. Tomskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet.

L 3666-66 EWP(m)/ZPP(c)/EWP(1) RM

ACCESSION NR: AP5017841

UR/0206/65/000/011/0078/0078
678.703.043

AUTHOR: Terent'yev, A. P.; Yermolayev, A. V.; Rukhadze, Ye. G.; Ippozentseva, A. V.;
Bobrova, N. I.; Malaya, Z. I.; Lobova, A. N.

TITLE: Vulcanization process for fluorocarbon elastomers. Class 39, No. 171567 16

SOURCE: Byulleten' izobreteniy i tovarnykh znakov, no. 11, 1965, 78

TOPIC TAGS: fluorocarbon elastomer, vulcanization, vulcanizing agent

ABSTRACT: An Author Certificate has been issued for vulcanizing agents for fluoro-carbon elastomers. To improve the physical and mechanical properties of the vulcanizates and to simplify the vulcanization process, the vulcanizing agents used are cobalt N, N'-ethylenebis(salicylidinimine) and/or titanium salicylidinimine. [SM]

ASSOCIATION: none

SUBMITTED: 21Apr62

ENCL: 00

SUB CODE: MT

NO REF SOV: 000

OTHER: 000

AND PRESS: 4047

Card 1/1 *Chkh*

YERMOLAYEV, B. B.

Cand. Veterin Sci.

Dissertation: "Insufficiency of Blood Formation in Horses Affected
with Infectious Anemia."

6 Jul. 49

Moscow Veterinary ACADEMY

SO Vecheryaya Moskva
Sum 71

YEKOLAYEV, B.B., dotent.

Etiopathogenesis of diseases in horses with the symptoms of colic.
Veterinaria 30 no.8:33-40 Ag '53. (MLBA 6:8)

1. Novocherkasskiy sootekhnicheskoe-veterinarnyy institut.